The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XX. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1908. NO. 15

LOCAL NEWS.

For fine box stationery, go to the ITEM office.

The new Presbyterian church of Mount Union will be dedicated next Sunday.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little liver pills, are sold by G. W. Wright.

$5.00 will buy 100 lbs Granulated Sugar at Huston's at Saltillo if $7.00 worth of goods are bought at the same time, flour, feed and fertilizer excepted.

The waiting room on the north side of the tracks at the station has been moved eight inches farther from the track to give more clearance for the large engines which run over the division.

About eighty of Mount Union's social set held an evening picnic on the Newton Hamilton camp grounds last Thursday between the 3.17 and 7.15 trains, members of the party enjoying the outing immensely.

Until further notice the regular meetings of Mapleton Grange No. 1134, P. of H., will be held monthly instead of semi-monthly. The date of the next regular meeting will be July 20th. By order of the Master.

Eleven prisoners sentenced at Ebensburg by Judge O'Connor at the last term of court were taken to the Western Penitentiary on Friday. The county jail still has 135 prisoners but five of these are to be taken to the Huntingdon reformatory.

On Thursday, July 30, at Lakemont Park. Altoona, Pa., the Annual Methodist Day will be held. The greatest list of famous speakers ever offered on such an occasion includes Bishop Hughes, a wonderful preacher, and Bishop Moore, a noted pulpit orator. Thursday, July 30.

Tuesday evening of last week Miss Myrtle Wright, of Mapleton was elected first assistant to the principal of the Juniata borough schools. This is the same position Miss Wright so acceptably filled during the past year but the title is new. Miss Wright is one of the best instructors in Central Pennsylvania and the school board of Juniata appreciate her worth.

The camp of Patriotic Order Sons of America at Huntingdon, which has always sbown a deep interest in the welfare of the public schools and has for several years been giving special certificates of honor to pupils of the schools for regular attendance and good progress, has adopted resolutions asking the board to reconsider its action reducing the school term from nine to eight months.

Newton Hamilton Herald: We were shown a letter the other day from Fish Commissioner Meehan in answer to an inquiry as to how many rods could be used in fishing for game fish, and it said the number was unlimited. The law which said that they could only be taken by "rod, hook and line" was only intended to describe a manner or method of fishing and not an attempt to limit the number of appliances that may be used at one time.

The thirty-ninth annual reunion of the 9th Penna. Cavalry, which regiment was recuited in the central part of the state, was held at Hanover, York county, on June 11th. Seventy-five members responded to their names at roll call, two of the number, B. Frank Isenberg and Robert Decker, being from Huntingdon. Our townsman A. M. Parker, is a member of the regiment but was not present at this reunion. The meeting next year will be held at Duncannon on the second Thursday of June.

The second largestclass in the history of the West Chester state normal school graduated from that institution last Thursday. The class numbered nearly two hundred. Miss Janet Lucille Appleby, of Mount Union, and Miss Margaret Stevenson, of McVeytown, two students from this school who have taught successfully for two years have been granted State Normal school diplomas which enable them to teach in the common schools of the state without further examination.

Mrs. J. R. McCaskey, postmistress at Shermansdale, Perry county, who celebrated her eighty-first birthday anniversary a few days ago, is believed to be the oldest postmistress in the United States, in regard to age, and is the oldest as to service, having held the office since 1877, a period of thirty-one years. During President Cleveland's first term another of the town's citizens was appointed but there was a general appeal to have her retained and when the president heard of the circumstances he revoked the appointment and had Mrs. McCaskey continued.

News of the Churches.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Rev. J. H. Ake, pastor—Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock, led by the pastor.

Preaching next Sunday morning at 10. 30 o'clock by the pastor. Other Sunday services as usual. The second quarterly conference will meet in the Mill Creek church Wednesday, July 1, 1908, at 9 o'clock a. m.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Rev. Edwin A. Snook, pastor—Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

Sabbath school at 9.30 a. m. Christian endeavor at 6.15 and preaching at 7.00 p. m.

UNITED BRETHREN CHURCH, Rev. T. H. MacLeod, pastor.—Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. M. F. Robley, leader.

Sunday services: Sabbath school 9.30 a. m., J. M. Baker superintendent; preaching service 10.30 a. m.; Junior League 2 p. m., Mrs. Annie Slates, superintendent; Senior League 6. 30 p. m., B. F. Slates president; prayer meeting at 7.30 p. m.

The fourth Quarterly Conference of the Mapleton charge will be conducted in the local church on Friday afternoon, June 26th at 2.30 by Rev J. S. Fulton, of Johnstown, the conference Superintendent. Representatives from Wayne and Mattawana churches are expected. The lay delegate to annual conference, which will convene at Conemaugh, September 15th, will be elected; also a general steward for the charge, besides the regular conference business. The superintendent will preach in the Mattawana church in the evening.

Prof. H. J. Weightman, who has served as superintendent of schools at Altoona for three years, and who was recently elected for another term will tender his resignation to the board of education in the near future, as he has accepted a position as superintendent of schools at Lower Merion, a suburb of Philadelphia, at a salary of $3,000 a year.

Gardner—Shoop.

T. C. Gardner, of Millerstown, and Miss Cora Shoop were married last Monday afternoon at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Jennie Shoop, on East Main street, Rev. J. Howard Ake being the officiating clergyman. Mr. Gardner has been employed since the middle of April as second assistant at the Mapleton station. During the past three weeks he has been at the home of his mother at Millerstown on account of the latter's serious illness. The young folks left for the east the same evening they were married. We extend congratulations.

Found Father Dead at Roadside.

The community of Cassville and vicinity was greatly shocked on Monday to learn that one of their most highly esteemed citizens, John Taylor was fouud dead at the roadside near his home there that morning.

Mr. Taylor who is about sixty-three years of age was last seen alive chasing some dogs away from pursuing a few cattle. A little later Wesley Taylor, a son, began to look for his father and found him dead, prostrate at the side of the road. Death was due to heart failure.

The deceased was a highly respected Chirstian man, for many years a member of the Methodist church. Besides his wife the following children survive: Wesley, Jacob, Hays, Mrs. Oscar Wilson, Mrs. Edward Greenland and Miss Hilda, at home.—Semi-Weekly.

Misses $5000 Wager by Narrow Margin.

At 7.45 o'clock, Monday morning Al Edwards, of King City, California, walked into the ITEM office accompanied by hi dog, a canine of the spaniel variety. Mr. Edwards left Los Angeles, California, October 10, 1907, under the auspices of the Los Angeles Club to walk to New York by a route, outlined by the Club, five thousand miles long. He was to leave Los Angeles without a cent and was forbidden to solicit aid or ride any part of distance. If he arrived in New York on before June 25, 1908, he was to receive a wager of five thousand dollars. On his trip he has worn out several pairs of shoes and three canine companions. The dog now with him seems frisky enough to be in at the finish. Mr. Edwards realized that he could not win the wager and very much regretted the loss, but says he will go as far as he can until Thursday evening. He is an intelligent, athletic young man, of cheerful disposition and has made many friends along the route. After a harty breakfast he continued his journey from Mapleton.

PERSONAL NOTES.

—Miss Ettie Cutshall, of Todd, is visiting friends in Mapleton.

—V. S. Godard, of Altoona, was a visitor to Mapleton last Saturday.

—Master Sewell Gillam, of Huntingdon, visited friends here yesterday.

—W. F. Fasick, of Tyrone, spent a few hours with friends in Mapleton last evening.

—Mr. John Gleason, of Philadelphia, is the guest of Herbert Hicks during this week.

—Mrs. A. M. Menald, of Mill Creek, visited her sister, Mrs. D. B. Miller, yesterday.

—Misses Emma and Mary Wright, of Colfax, were visitors to Mapleton last Saturday.

—Mrs. Walter Lamberson and children spent part of last week with her brother's family at Spruce Creek.

—Edward Landis and family, of Altoona, visited over Sunday with Mrs. John McMullen and sons.

—Loy McCarl was down from Altoona and spent a couple days with his parents the early part of the week.

—T. H. McClintock, assistant manager of the Tyrone Paper Mill, transacted business in Mapleton yesterday.

—W. H. Spangler spent last week with his father, Harrison Spangler at East Enola, Dauphin county.

—Mrs. Barbara Spangler is spending a week with her son, Constable James G. Spangler, and family, at Altoona.

—J. G. Hicks visited his sister-in-law, Mrs. Margaret Hicks, at the Masonic home in Philadelphia on Sunday.

—Mrs. Landis Himes returned home Saturday from a week's visit with her husband in and about Pittsburgh.

—Miss Myrtle MacLeod spent a few days visiting friends in McVeytown and vicinity the early part of the week.

—Mrs. Fred Hoffman and sons Frank and Phil are paying a visit to her husband's parents in Clay township.

—Prof. R. F. Beatty, of Petersburg was a visitor in town yesterday, being the guest of Dr. and Mrs, J. G. Spangler.

—Miss Lena Palmer, of Mount Union, visited her uncle and aunt Mr. and Mrs. George Palmer, Friday and Saturday.

—R. C. Fields went to Mill Creek Sunday to see his nephew Chester Swiler, who is seriously ill with tyyhoid fever.

—H. H. Parker and wife, of Altoona, and W. A. Parker and wife, of Juniata, visited with Mapleton friends on Sunday.

—Mrs. George H. Shoop and children, of Altoona, are paying a visit to friends in Mapleton and Union and Cass townships.

—Reba and Paul Lucas, of Mifflin, have been visiting for several days with their aunts, Mrs. John White and Mrs. Harry Stubbs.

—H. L. Robley, of Altoona, has been spending several days in Mapleton and assisting to survey the lands of the E. Robley estate.

—Clarence Coder, wife and child spent Friday and Saturday with Mrs. Coder's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Greenland in Clay township.

—Mrs. Jennie Swope on Thursday went to Centre Bridge, Bucks county, where she will visit for a couple weeks with her daughter, Mrs. Maud Robins.

—Miss Blanche Palmer has returned to the home of her uncle George Palmer after visiting for several weeks at the home of her grandparents in Shirley township.

—Mrs. David Goodman, of Altoona, who had been on a pleasure trip to Schennectady, New York, spent Thursday and Friday with Mrs. Narcissa Goodman and son on Main street.

—Buell Oswalt, who for the past several months has been assisting his brother Clyde on the Boswell News, is paying a visit to his mother and sister at home. He will remain here until after the Fourth.

—Mrs. W. A. Parks, of Newton Hamilton, and her sister, Mrs. Susan Drake, of Huntingdon, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mrs Narcissa Goodman and H. H. Swope and wife. The visiting ladies are relatives of Mrs. Goodman and Mrs. Swope.

—Myer Shapiro, manager of the Mapleton store of Shapiro Bros', took a brief respite from his duties and visited friends at Boswell from Friday until Monday. During his absence Harry Sharer of the Orbisonia store was in charge of the business here.

Annual Eclipse of Sun.

An annual eclipse of the sun will occur next Sunday and will be visible here and in fact all over the United States, Canada, Mexico and Central America. The eclipse will begin at 9.27 o'clock in the morning and end at 12.47 o'clock.

The path of the annual eclipse passes over Mexico City, Tampa, Fla., and the Bermudas, thence it crosses the Atlantic and terminates in Western Africa. The duration of the entire eclipse is a little over six hours and of the annual eclipse three hours and fifty minutes.

The first eclipse of the sun occurred this year on January 3. It was a total eclipse and was not visible in this part of the country. On December 23 there will be a central eclipse of the sun, but it is invisible in North America.

Borough Teachers Elected.

The Mapleton Borough School board at a special meeting held last Friday evening, elected as principal for the ensuing school term, Prof, J. G. Miller, of Mansfield, Pa. Mr Miller comes highly recommended by former school boards where he has taught. He has had seven years experience. Miss Frances Isenberg, Miss Florence Oswalt and Mrs. Lou Dell were re-elected to positions formerly held and so successfully managed by them. With this well-equipped corps of teachers we have reasons to anticipate good returns.

Big cuts or little cuts, small scratches or bruises or big ones are healed quickly by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It is especially good for piles. Be sure to get DeWitt's. Sold by G. W. Wright.

—Miss Tillie Neice visited friends at Newton Hamilton on Sunday.

—Mrs. James Buchanan and children spent the past week with friends near McVeytown.

—William Chilcote, of Three Springs, was the guest of Joseph M. Baker's family over Sunday.

—Miss Maude Barclay visited the family of her aunt, Mrs. Sarah Ripple at Mount Union, Saturday evening and Sunday.

—Mrs. M. W. Isenberg and Elmer Rupert and family, of Huntingdon, were guests over Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Fleck.

—The Misses Helen and Margaret Gray, of Ickesburg, have been visiting their aunt, Mrs. W. H. Spangler, for several days past.

—Mrs. Charles Shoop and children, of Turtle Creek, have been visiting for several days with her parents Mr. and Mrs. John A. McHugh.

—Mrs. George Beaty, of Shirley township spent Sunday and Monday in this neighborhood, being guest, of her brothers, D. B. and George Miller,

—Misses Effie and Belle Bookhamer, of Tyrone, arrived in Mapleton Saturday evening. The latter returned home Monday but Miss Effie will remain some time with friends in this vicinity.

—T. M. Wood and John K. Gillam attended the annual reunion of the Veteran Employees' association of the middle division at Harrisburg last Thursday.

—Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Rex spent last Sunday with the family of S. P. Smith in Big valley. Mr. Smith has not been in good health for some time but is somewhat improved.

—Jackson Mounts and William Mounts, of Cove Forge, Blair county, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Mounts over Sunday. The former, an old Juniata boatman, is an uncle of our townsman, and is an excellent Christian gentleman.

—Mrs. Joseph Patton and two children, of Altoona, came to Mapleton Saturday and Monday continued on their way to visit friends at Harrisburg. Miss Myrtle Wright who is in attendance at the commencement exercises at Millersville, accompanied them to Harrisburg.

—Mrs. G. D. Wood, who has been with her sister Miss Ada Spangler at Saltillo since shortly after the death of her husband, spent Sunday at her home on Grant street. Miss Spangler accompanied her. The ladies returned to Saltillo Monday evening, this being Miss Spangler's busy season in her millinery work at that place.

—Harry Eade, Sr., and Harry Eade, Jr., of Burnham, spent a portion of the past week with Mr. and Mrs. John M. Miller, of Mapleton. These gentlemen are both enthusiastic Odd Fellows and their presence at the regular meeting of Mapleton Lodge, No. 468, last Saturday evening, at which time two candidates were initiated, lent considerable interest to the occasion.

Attempted Suicide.

Yesterday morning somewhat of a sensation was caused in this community by the report that William T. Webb, of Union township, had been shot. Shortly after six o'clock yesterday morning Henry Wagner and Lewis Himes, two small boys, fishing along Campbell's creek in the Quinter woods above Henry Miller's residence came to a pool of bloop, a revolver, a pipe and a band of a straw hat. About the time of the discovery William Chilcote and John Patterson were passing on their way to work and the boys called their attention to the find. They commenced searching for the cause and soon spied the body of a man lying under a clump of bushes about twenty-five yards farther up the hill toward the track of the Juniata Sand Company. They approached the body and recognized it as that of William T. Webb who lives on the Harvey place in Union township about three hundred yards down the creek from where the body lay. Farther up the hill his straw hat and linen collar, both bloody, were found, the latter being thoroughly saturated. This fact and blood stains found are evidence that the man wandered over a considerable area after the shooting before he lay down in the clump of bushes. The men noticed quickly that the man was alive and one of them asked him if he recognized them and Webb replied that he did. They assisted him to arise and with their assistance he walked to his home. Webb had left his home between two and three o'clock Monday afternoon taking with him his revolver which Mrs. Webb says had three chambers loaded. She says he left home with the pretention that he was going to Mill Creek and as he did not return in the evening she thought he had been detained there in attending to business. When the revolver was found but two chambers were loaded and although Webb has given no account of the affair it is clearly a case of attempted suicide, but as to when it occurred is shrouded in mystery. The indications are that it was done some hours before the body was found.

After Webb had been taken home Dr. J. G. Spangler was summoned and he made a hasty examination and discovered that the man had shot himself at the base of the right ear. He probed for the ball but as Webb resisted he decided to summon assistance. Dr. G. W. Simpson arrived on sea-shore express and he and Dr. Spangler made a further examination. The lobe of the right ear is torn loose and the ball passed upward. The indications are that the sight of the right eye is destroyed. The bullet was not located, but from the condition of the organs of the throat it is the opinion of the physicians that the ball is in the nasal or buckle cavity. The man's condition is serious and it will be some days before the result of the wound can be determined. Dr. Spangler will have him removed to the Altoona hospital to-day for an X-ray examination with the nope of locating the bullet.

Webb moved to Union township about three years ago from Altoona and has worked in this vicinity at the carpenter trade and has done some piano tuning. He was a good workman but was addicted to the use of intoxicants. Positive evidence that has reached us within the past thirty-six hours leads us to believe that he has been much depressed for some days, but whether this caused him to attempt the rash act or not we have no knowledge.

State Road for Oneida Township.

The State Highway Department has awarded the contract for a state road from the borough line of Huntingdon to a point near Thomas Campbell's, in Oneida township, to C. T. Eastman and L. F. Edwards, of Yardly, Bucks county, for $23,300. All the preliminaries have been completed except the signing up by the township supervisors, who are expected to do so before the close of the week. The length of the road is 2 1-5 miles. The township's share of the cost of construction is about $3000, of which amount about $1200 will be required by private subscription to keep the township within its taxable limitations. Citizens of Oneida township, as well as many in Huntingdon, have agreed to subscribe the required sum. The Stone Creek road is one of the most largely traveled in Huntingdon county, and is the southern terminus of the Stone Creek Valley, which includes Oneida, Henderson, Miller, Barree and Jackson townships. The state road is badly needed. Persons residing in Huntingdon should deem it a pleasure to assist materially in the construction.—Globe.

MY COMRADE.

I have a comrade; he and I are like
As any pair of peas in any pod.
A wilful creature he, as you would strike,
And aye impatient 'neath affliction's rod.
When his own way he finds he cannot get
He raises Ned and other things to boot;
With awful voice he roars his dreadful fret.
Regardless that the world won't care a hoot.

My comrade likes to play the newest game—
He quickly tires of all that's old and trite.
Scarce plays he two succeeding days the same,
Amusements seem to age so over night.
He will not work unless he is compelled.
He smiles on those with whom he thinks a smile
The best investment, and his head gets swelled
By people's praise, regardless of their guile.

My comrade likes the food that least agrees
With his digestion—hates the wholesome things;
Hates other people's warblings, but decrees
We all stand breathless, harking while he sings.
In all these ways, and eke in many more,
My comrade's instincts tally well with mine.
He is my child, I should have said before;
He's two years old, and I am thirty-nine.

—Chicago News.

By the Lake.

By MARGARET CARRUTHERS.

Natalie Livingstone sat gazing out of the window across the closely cropped lawn, past the tulip beds that were marvels of the gardener's art, and out over the lake dotted with many little pleasure craft. She could hear the sound of laughter coming from the water, and it only made it all the harder for her to go away.

But there was the stinging but polite little note informing her that her services were no longer required, and inclosing the customary week's wages and her ticket back to the city.

She knew the reason for her sudden dismissal, and that made it seem all the more unjust. It was not because of incompetency, but because of the scarcity of eligible young men and the superabundance of marriageable young ladies with overambitious mothers.

She had known there were objections because of the attentions paid her by some of the male guests, and which she had tried hard to avoid.

Her self-possession and refined manners had all been discussed and voted a menace by the mothers with the marriageable but less attractive daughters, and for once they had united and sent a committee to the management and demanded Natalie's removal.

The soft, white skin, the large blue eyes and wavy, flaxen hair were all urged as reasons why she should go, and were pronounced the cause and reason why several of the young men had suddenly abandoned their pursuit of pleasure and plunged themselves into business at the Lakeside.

"The very idea of her being allowed to use the boats on the lake and walk around on the lawn and veranda like one of the guests!" indignantly remarked Miss Allen, conspicuous for her brick-colored hair and turned-up nose and an impediment in her speech, but whose mother occupied one of the most expensive suites in the hotel and entertained largely.

"Why, at Taber's in the White Mountains last year the 'typewriter' had to eat with the help and was not allowed even in the corridors unless summoned there to do some work for the guests," broke in Mamie Lacy, whose father had risen to the dignity of an alderman and whose mother had social ambitions for Mamie which were gratified in a measure by her short stay every year at the Lakeside.

"Such impertinence!" chimed in Miss Clark, a school teacher of uncertain age. "Why, I have been spending two whole weeks here every summer for the past four years, and I have never been the subject of such indignities before. Why, she actually curls her hair, yet flaunts her innocence and good manners in the eyes of the men, thinking to dazzle them. Well, she can't fool me, anyway."

And so it had been until the note had been the result. Poor little Natalie? All she wanted was to be left alone to earn her living, and she had been delighted at the prospect of spending the hot summer months at the Lakeside, but now she would have to go back to the sweltering city and haunt the employment agencies, and even if she was successful, as she could scarcely hope to be at this dull season, she would be obliged to live in a stuffy furnished room in a poor quarter made ever more miserable by its crowded condition.

She had been happy here at the lake, the long walks, the boat rides and the wild flower pilgrimages, but now she must give it all up.

She packed her simple belongings, looked around the cosy little room that had been hers, and where she had found so much rest and happiness, and tears came to the great blue eyes as she closed the door and slowly made her way to the manager's office to bid him good-by.

She did not find him in, and as her train did not leave until night she walked toward the lake out into the woods all white with dogwood and purple with violets.

They seemed even more beautiful because of her enforced departure and she could not keep back the tears that crowded into her eyes or the pain at the thought of the struggle of the past year that she must resume again just when she thought she was going to be so happy.

Her mother had died, leaving her alone and when the estate had been settled there was but little left for Natalie. She had faced the situation bravely and had secured this position for the summer to be among the birds and flowers she loved so well.

She thought, as she walked along, of the cool months she had spent with her mother in the mountains and these woods seemed only a tantalizing reminder of that other and happier life.

At last, unable to restrain herself longer she sank down on the soft green grass and burst into soul-refreshing tears. She was still crying when she heard a rustle of the bushes near her and looking up, could scarcely believe what she saw.

"Why, Steve," she stammered.

"Why, Miss Natalie," he blurted.

She pinched herself and rubbed her eyes to be sure she was not dreaming. Yes, it was Steve (Malcolm's man), sure enough a ghost of that other life come to haunt her and make her more miserable, she thought. She started to speak, but just as she did the bushes parted again and Malcolm Goodrich himself stepped into the breach.

He started, almost falling back among the bushes.

"Why, Nat," he exclaimed, "in heaven's name, what are you doing here? Is it really you, and where have you been all this time?"

He threw himself down on the grass beside her and motioned Steve away.

"Why, Nat, I have searched everywhere for you and to find you this way. Tell me, Nat, what did you run away for without letting a fellow know where you were going, and tell me what you have been doing all this time."

"Why, I have been right here part of the time," she answered, trying hard to hide the traces of her tears and smiling bravely. "You know there was nothing left, so I left college and after a course in shorthand accepted the position of stenographer at the hotel up there for the summer."

Then she told him of the note and its cause. He listened attentively and said, "Poor little girlie! Why I own that hotel and these woods and that castle like house on the hill commanding such a splendid view the lake. I bought it for a summer home; do you like it?

"The hotel is leased for this season, but next year I am going to turn it into a golf club, clearing away part of these woods to enlarge the links. I was just looking over the place a bit when I had the good fortune to run across you, and now, Nat, there is no end of happiness in store for you."

"But I leave this evening for the city, I must find another position."

"Now, look here, Nat, why don't you stay right here? You know I love you and I intended to tell you so, and ask you to marry me as soon as I got out of college. Then your mother died and I knew I must wait, and then you disappeared as completely as though the earth had opened and swallowed you."

She did not answer, but sat silently thinking of the note and the hot city, and turning suddenly, she asked, "Is it because you are sorry for me that you are asking me, Malcolm?"

"Why, bless you, Nat, it's because I love you and have loved you ever since we were kiddies, and your hat fell into the brook and I waded in and rescued it and was soundly spanked for getting wet."

They laughed at the happy recollection and as he took her in his arms she nestled closer and gazed silently across the lake to the house overlooking it that was to be their home.—From the New York Evening Journal.

Saved Himself First.

Sam and Joe were out rowing, when the boat capsized, spilling both men in the water. Sam was a fine swimmer, but not very bright, while Joe was bright enough, but could not swim a stroke.

When Sam found himself in the water he struck out lustily for the shore, while Joe clung to the overturned skiff.

As soon as Sam reached the shore he was about to plunge into the water again, when a man standing near said:

"What are you going back into the water for? You just swam ashore." Sam paused a moment, then said:

"Well, I had to save myself first; now I'm going back to fetch Joe."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

The Best Pet.

"I want to make a gift to Miss Passay," said Dumley. "I wonder what sort of animal she'd prefer for a pet?"

"A man," promptly suggested Miss Knox.—Philadelphia Press.

The oldest Roman Catholic college in the United States is Georgetown College, Georgetown, D. C.

THE PULPIT.

AN ELOQUENT SUNDAY SERMON BY THE REV. JASON NOBLE PIERCE.

Theme: Christ's Example.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—At the Puritan Congregational Church the new pastor, the Rev. Jason Noble Pierce, preached Sunday morning on "The Examples of Christ." He said: My subject this morning is found in John 13:15: "For I have given you an example that ye should do as I have done to you." If you put that right in its setting it would be natural to wonder whether the example Jesus gave involves the girding of the towel and the taking of the basin and performing the service of love that He performed for His disciples; whether His example is literal in its setting. It is not strange that certain branches of the church have in different times held that His example was to be taken literally; that He instituted an ordinance as truly as the ordinance of baptism or the Lord's supper. And so, even down to the present day, there are some churches that literally believe in the washing of the feet as a religious act. From 1330 to 1630 the sovereigns of England were accustomed to literally carry out this example of the Lord, and indeed down to the present day it is not unusual for the imperial ruler of Russia to have the aristocracy seek outgoers who are aged and infirm and helpless and wash their feet as Jesus washed the feet of His disciples. On every Thursday in Holy Week the Pope, not in the simplicity that Jesus had, but with great pomp and splendor, and in the eyes of the multitudes on a high platform where he can be seen by all, washes the feet of twelve of the oldest men that can be found. But the natural query is, why do it once a year, if it is really an example to be followed, and why does only one person follow it instead of everybody—you and me? And if you turn back to your original testament you find the words "like as"—"that ye should do like as I have done for you," and you realize that Jesus is not instituting an ordinance, but He is, by a loving and kind act of ministry, teaching an ideal and teaching it by example. He might have talked about it and the words would have gone in one ear and out of the other, but no one of those present could ever forget His example, and I venture to say that though John lived as long as he did in his last day he still felt the influence of the Master's teaching as strongly as he did on the day when the Master washed his feet.

Jesus' whole life is an example, is it not? We find other people that are examples. I can turn to the Old Testament and study Job, and say that he was an example of patience, or to the life of Abraham, and say that he is a perfect example of faith. I turn to impetuous Peter, and I say there is a man of fervor; or to John, and see the perfect example of John, the loving disciple, and wonder if we shall ever grow into the love of John. These men are examples in part, in some things, in one or a few characteristics, but Jesus was a perfect example—complete. If you are speaking of faith, He is perfect; if of patience, He is perfect; if you speak of fervor, or of love, or of humility, of dignity, or of power, or of any quality of the heart, you find that Jesus is perfect, the one supreme, perfect example. You and I know it is one of our human failings to look at people and imitate them. How quick the child is to discern. Did you never see a little girl who spoke not only the same words that her mother did, but with just the same intonation? If the mother says a thing with a little sharpness, so does the daughter. I think nothing in all this world is so quick to discern the things they see as a little child, and not only to discern them, but to imitate them. If Jesus had handed down His Sermon on the Mount just as a document given by an unseen hand, it never would have had the resonance, the clearness and the power that it has when we see it coming from the lips of the Man whom we almost can see because His followers really did see Him. You do not take any reasoning of Jesus apart from Himself. You and I need to understand Jesus, and need to follow His example, because other people are following our example. Here is a little boy in the Sunday-school, and the teacher says, "John, you ought to grow up into a true, noble manhood, and be an example for others." John cannot help being an example. I cannot stand here this morning and say you ought to be examples; you are, and you cannot get away from it. You may not want people to look at you, but you cannot shut their eyes. There is not a person here this morning who is not, unconsciously as well as consciously, leading the thoughts and impulses of other people. You are examples. What kind of examples are you?

What kind of an example are we Christian people? In think one of the most wondeful men was Paul. He wrote to the Galatians, and he said: "Brethren, I beseech you be as I am." Now a good many of you are looking at me and saying: "Here is our new pastor. I wonder what kind of a man he is really going to prove to be." What kind of a man would you think I am if I should say in utter seriousness: "Members of Puritan Church, I beseech you be as I am. Look at me, behold me. Be as I am." Why, that is what the apostle wrote to his congregation. He sent another letter to the Philippians, in which he said: "Those things which ye have both learned and received and heard and seen in me, do; and the God of peace shall be with you." Is there a school teacher here that would dare to say: "If you only do what your teacher does; if you only look at my life and follow my example, the God of peace will be with you." In three of his epistles Paul wrote: "Be followers of me." What a presumptuous man! Is there a father in this audience that wishes his son to be just like him? Or is there a mother that wishes her little child that God has given her, to be just like her? God knows that every parent says: "Oh, that my child may be better than I am." What, then, is the secret of this man's wonderful courage? You will find it in what he said to the Corinthians: "Be ye followers of me, even as I am also of Christ," and he dared to say it, and he was right, because he knew that his life was close to God.

The first time I preached in this pulpit several weeks ago I went out the next day from this city to a neighboring place and visited the homes of people who traveled extensively, and I talked with the mistress of that mansion who had spent some time in personally visiting the people who took parts in the Passion Play at Oberammergau. She did not go to the play, but she went afterward in their homes, and I shall never forget the incidents she related. She went to the home of the man who took the part of Jesus Christ. She saw his wife first, and after making known her errand the husband was summoned, and this woman said that the very moment he entered the room she could not repress the feeling that she was in the presence of Jesus. His whole appearance, his whole manner conveyed the lifelike impression of Jesus. And this not when he was on exhibition, but when he was summoned from his workshop into the house, without knowing that anyone was there or why he came. And the wife told my hostess that she believed her husband was absolutely perfect; that he had so studied the life of Jesus; that he had so put his heart into every part of it; that he had so striven to perfect himself in playing the part of Jesus, not only on the cross, but off the cross, and that he had, so far as she knew in the intimacy of family life, mastered life and overcome every temptation, and in all earnestness and humility she said she did not know one single thing in all his life that was not just as she would like to have it. Husband, can your wife say that? It shows, dear friends, the possibility of living so near Christ that His example and life, not in its glorified perfection, but in the pureness of heart, shall enable us to put every sin under our feet. Now, friends, if it is possible to follow Jesus' example as literally as that, is it not necessary to rise to it when so many people are following your example?

Why did Jesus wash His disciples' feet? Not because it was necessary, nor because it was an Oriental custom. I think He washed their feet because He saw that the disciples were too proud to do it for one another. It takes a manly character to do a menial task. I fancy that if we tried to imitate some of Jesus' examples, we would find that it would be better to go apart into a mountain and pray and come down to the original channels of life and love strengthened before we could do the acts of service that Jesus did. I believe that He did it because He saw that His disciples did not yet understand or comprehend the ideal that He came to establish. What is the law, the ideal, the essential of God's kingdom? I know that some would say that it is love. That is the right answer if you understand what love is. It is not merely a love that contemplates and does nothing; that is well disposed and stops there. If you think that you are obeying His commandment to love your neighbor when you do not hate him, you have not got the ideal of Jesus. Love that is love at all finds its expression in service. The mother toils late into the night that her boy may be neatly dressed and educated. That is the mother's love. If God only loved us by only looking on us complacently, deliver me from that love. But what wonders hath He not wrought; what hath He not done for us that we might have life, joyful lives and useful lives? If you are going to love, you must serve, and I venture to commend that definition of service which says that it is the fundamental rule of God's service. But the disciples did not catch the idea. Do you wonder that Jesus said to them, "Whosoever will be great among you, let him be your minister, and whosoever will be chief among you, let him be your servant." In His parables He taught the idea of service, but though the disciples listened they did not seem to comprehend, and so on that last night Jesus did something they did comprehend and clinched all His teaching by girding Himself and ministering to them, and said, "I have given you an example."

Let me close by calling your attention to the last part of the text: "That ye should do as I have done to you." Are you doing what Jesus did, or is it only contemplation? Are you carrying out His example, or have you encountered some obstacle that is too hard to do? In the great galleries the artists sit and strive to reproduce the masterpieces, and so in the gallery of life you and I are sitting at the feet of Jesus. Are we reproducing perfectly? He is the example. Are we doing as He did?

Thy Last Thought.

Practice to make God thy last thought at night when thou sleepest and thy first thought when thou wakest; so shall thy fancy be sanctified in the night, and thy understanding be rectified in the day; so shall thy rest be peaceful and thy labors prosperous.—Francis Quarles.

High Ideals.

We should all strive for high ideals, and live the life the Master has laid down for us.—The Rev. James Alexander, Boston.

STATE NEWS BUDGET

Deer Kills Bulldog.

A forty-pound bulldog and a large buck deer came together in Riverview Park, Pittsburg. The dog was killed by the buck after about ten minutes of fighting, witnessed by hundreds. The dog was owned by Mrs. Walter Dunk, of Perrysville avenue, and while she had him on a chain in the park he broke away and attacked the buck, which was browsing quietly near by. The buck managed to shake off the dog's hold, and the next rush of the bulldog was checked by a kick which sent the dog flying through the air. Again and again the dog came back, sometimes gaining a tooth hold, only to be shaken off by the buck. Finally the buck jumped on the prostrate dog and tore him to pieces with his sharp hoofs. Mrs. Dunk was injured trying to tear down a fence to get a club to help her dog.

Boy's Queer Suicide.

A remarkable case of suicide of a Philadelphia boy took place at Chambersburg. The boy killed himself in the pressroom of the People's Register, and the victim was David Shilling, aged sixteen years. The lad tied his feet to the flywheel of a newspaper press with twine. He then tied the same twine about his neck and to the eccentric rod of a Gordon press which stands about three and a half feet distant. Then he tied both his hands in front of him and put the twine around his waist and tied it. Then slipping off the pulley wheel of the smaller press, upon which he must have sat to do the work, his body suspended in a bow form, just escaping touching the floor, he strangled to death. The boy was a son of Mrs. Anna Shilling, of German and Second streets, Philadelphia.

Held as a Fake Lobbyist.

By far the most distinguished looking prisoner ever in Central Police Station at Pittsburg is D. G. Miller, arrested by detectives Lally and Leff. The police accuse him of having fleeced prominent people of New York, Boston, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Chicago and Pittsburg out of $200,000. Miller professed to be a lobbyist representing the Republican party, and authorized to solicit funds to secure the passage through the next Congress of a two-cent fare law. He had letters alleged to be signed by Governors Guild, Hughes and Folk; Senators Penrose, Knox and La Follette; Congressman John Dalzell, Secretary Taft and a score of others.

Five Killed by Blast.

Five men were instantly killed by a dynamite explosion on the Lehigh Railroad near Scranton. They were Raffaelo Salvatori, of Dunmore, the foreman; Pasquale Cattapano, single, of Dunmore; Antonio Mastroma, Frolamino Marcjetti and Pasquale Sgobbo. The men had charge of the work at the Lackawanna cut-off at that place. One of the holes, in which a quantity of dynamite had already been placed, was carelessly tamped by the foreman, an iron bar being used. This caused a terrific explosion. The bodies of the five men were hurled into the air.

Gale Hits Wild West Show.

A terrific storm broke over Pittsburg just as an immense audience was assembling to witness the evening performance of Buffalo Bill's Wild West Show. A sudden gust of wind caught the canvas wall that surrounds the grounds and a section of it was blown down. Charles S. Howell, a well known real estate man and formerly claim agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, was caught under a falling pole and sustained a severe scalp wound. He was the only person badly hurt.

Killed in Mine Explosion.

Three miners are dead, two others perhaps fatally burned and fifteen entombed, many of whom are supposed to be dead from an explosion at the Ellsworth No. 1 Mine of the Pittsburg Coal Company, near Monongahela. Of the victims taken from the mine John Beal is the only one identified. The others are foreigners, whose features were too scorched to be recognized.

Died From Fright.

William D. Schuette, Jr., seventeen, pitcher in an amateur Pittsburg ball team, was exhausted at the close of a game and sat down in the woods with companions to rest. Not noticing he had fallen asleep they left him alone, and when he awoke in the dark, about 10 p. m., he ran wildly until he fell dead. Doctors declare fright killed him.

Trolley Smash Injures Twenty.

Twenty passengers were injured, one fatally and several seriously in an accident on the Meadville and Cambridge Springs street car line near Bakertown. A passenger car telescoped a freight-carrying car at a sharp curve. The fatally injured person is M. C. Mills, superintendent of the traction line.

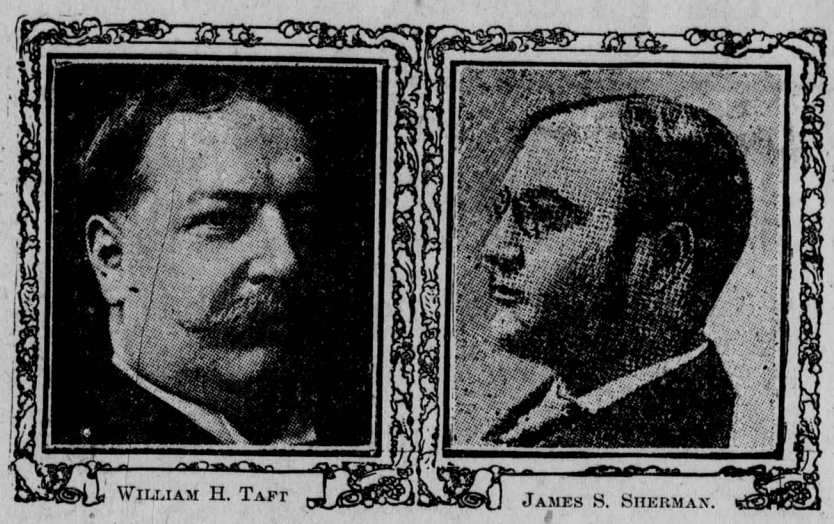
Girl Commits Suicide.

As her father lay dying in an adjoining room in her home at Old Forge, Ellen Urban, seventeen years old, drank carbolic acid and died. Her mother had punished her for staying out at night.

Train Runs Down Aged Man.

Michael Neismenter, an aged and well known townsman, was struck by a Reading passenger train at Mount Carmel, and sustained a fractured leg and internal injuries.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION NOMINATES TAFT AND SHERMAN



WILLIAM H. TAFT. JAMES S. SHERMAN.

For President: William Howard Taft, of Ohio
For Vice-President: James S. Sherman, of New York

Republican National Convention Hall, Coliseum, Chicago. — James Schoolcraft Sherman, of Utica, N. Y., Representative in Congress, was nominated for Vice-President on the first ballot.

The Ticket.

The Republican national ticket therefore is:

For President—William Howard Taft.

For Vice-President—James S. Sherman.

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The fourth and final session of the convention got under way slowly. The day was hot and made the Coliseum a sweltering box of listless and uncomfortable humanity.

When Chase Osborne, of Michigan, moved that nominating speeches be limited to ten minutes and seconding speeches to five minutes there was an outburst of genuine applause. The motion was carried by a roar of ayes.

The convention was called to order at 10.18, and after prayer had been offered by Rabbi Schonfaber nominations for the Vice-Presidency were called for by Chairman Lodge.

The New York delegation marched into the hall bearing banners of Representative Sherman and preceded by a band. Their entry aroused considerable enthusiasm. State Chairman Timothy L. Woodruff nominated Sherman and seconding speeches were made by Dennis Flyn, of Oklahoma, and Speaker Cannon.

Governor Willson, of Kentucky, seconded the nomination of Sherman.

Frank E. Dennison, of Illinois, took the chair, and Senator Lodge walked to the platform and nominated Governor Guild, of Massachusetts.

Chase Osborne, of Michigan, seconded Guild's nomination.

Mississippi seconded Sherman's nomination.

T. N. McCarter, of New Jersey, nominated ex-Governor Franklin Murphy, of New Jersey.

There were so many States eager to second the nomination of Sherman that finally Chairman Lodge cut the scramble short by ordering the calling of the roll.

Sherman had 66 votes when Connecticut gave its 14 to Murphy. The New Yorker's tally was 291 to 12 for Guild and 31 for Murphy when Massachusetts gave its Governor its solid 32 votes.

Sherman had 420, Guild 48 and Murphy 32 when New Jersey gave its ex-Governor its whole 24.

New York's solid 78 votes then nominated Sherman and there was great cheering. His vote ran up steadily to 816 out of the total 980.

The official vote was as follows:

Fairbanks, 1; Sherman, 816; Guild, 75; Murphy, 77; Sheldon, of Nebraska, 10.

Senator Lodge was appointed chairman of the committee to notify Taft and Senator Burrows headed the committee to notify Sherman.

Chairman Lodge, who is going abroad during the summer, requested that Senator William Warner, of Missouri, past commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, be substituted in his place. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

The convention then, at 11.47 a. m., adjourned without day.

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At 10.19 a. m., Senator Lodge, the permanent chairman, let fall his gavel and called the third session of the fourteenth Republican National Convention to order. The hall was filled. The vast crowd which had gathered to witness the proceedings of the convention's most important day was interspersed with many brightly gowned women, and almost all of the spectators carried flags.

Senator Lodge introduced the Rev. John Wesley Hill, of the Metropolitan Temple, New York, who delivered the opening prayer, the delegates standing.

Then after a few minutes' delay, while the late delegates found their seats, Senator Fulton, of Oregon, made a motion to the effect that George H. Williams, the last surviving member of Grant's Cabinet, have a seat on the speakers' platform, and this was done.

Senator Lodge at 10.30 exactly introduced Senator Hopkins, of Illinois, the chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, who at once, having been greeted with applause, read the platform.

"The question now is," said Chairman Lodge, "on the adoption of the majority report." The adoption of the resolutions was by a viva voce vote, no voice being raised in the negative.

It was 12.45 when the platform had finally been disposed of. Senator Lodge announced the next business on hand to be the call of States for the nomination of candidates for the Presidency and the cheering was resumed. The hall was jammed now with 20,000 persons in a grand swelter. Delegates had removed their coats and, vigorously plying fans, were mopping the perspiration from their brows. The orators began to limber up. The supreme moment was at hand.

Alabama headed the list of States. It had been expected that Alabama, having no favorite son to present, would yield to Ohio. That is the general custom. To the surprise of everybody, Alabama did not yield and the call went on to Illinois, and Congressman H. S. Boutell took the platform amid cheering to place Speaker "Uncle Joe" Cannon in nomination. Mr. Boutell concluded at 1.13 o'clock, and two minutes later the applause had subsided.

J. W. Fordney, of Michigan, seconded the Cannon nomination. Mr. Fordney took only five minutes.

Indiana sent Governor J. Frank Hanly to the platform to name Fairbanks. The Hoosier delegation gave him a one-minute send-off and the galleries helped a little.

When Governor Hanly, after thirty-five minutes of stormy going, closed his address by naming Mr. Fairbanks and declaring: "Nominate him and victory in November will be ours," there was a demonstration in the Indiana delegation, in which several of the Ohio delegates generously took part.

Mayor Bookwalter, of Indianapolis, then made his way to the stage and seconded the Fairbanks nomination. He spoke extempore.

When Mr. Bookwalter had finished the call of the States was resumed, and there was no response until New York was reached.

Then General Stewart L. Woodford rose to nominate Governor Hughes. He was cheered lustily by members of the New York delegation, in which several other sections of the hall joined.

The conclusion of General Woodford's address was the signal for the unfurling in the New York delegation of a great silken banner bearing the likeness of Governor Hughes. Flags blossomed out in waving color and scattered delegates of a half dozen other States aided the noise batteries of the New York men. In less than three minutes, however, quiet reigned again and the call of States continued.

"Ohio," shouted John R. Maltbie in his finest megaphone voice at 2.17 o'clock. In an instant most of the delegates were on their feet. Indiana, Illinois and most of New York sat still, but even Wisconsin took up the Taft cry. The galleries did their share, but they were not so demonstrative that Theodore E. Burton, the Taft nominator, did not have perfect silence in three minutes.

When Representative Burton ended his speech nominating the Secretary of War there occurred the real demonstration of the day.

The galleries caught from the Ohioans the refrain, "Taft, Taft, Big Bill Taft," and marked time with it

It was not until the delegates had exhausted their energy by twenty-five minutes of continued cheering that Chairman Lodge succeeded in restoring comparative order, a task in which he was materially assisted by the extraordinarily powerful voice of George A. Knight, of California, who had taken the platform to second the nomination of Mr. Taft, and who spoke with his customary force and eloquence.

The Taft demonstration lasted just a fraction less than twenty-five minutes, but it had registered itself as possessing greater and steadier volume than the uproarious tribute accorded President Roosevelt just twenty-four hours previously. More people yelled themselves hoarse for the Ohioan than did for Roosevelt, and the cheers rang with greater spontaneity and genuineness.

When the cheers following the speech of Mr. Knight were finished, Chairman Lodge introduced C. B. McCoy, of Coshocton, Ohio, to place in nomination the name of Senator Joseph B. Foraker.

W. O. Emery, of Macon, Ga., a negro, made the seconding speech for Senator Foraker.

Lieutenant-Governor Murphy, the silver haired and silver tongued orator of Pennsylvania, placed in nomination Philander C. Knox. Mr. Murphy and his candidate got one minute of applause. James Scarlet, of Danville, Pa., used three minutes to second the Knox nomination.

Continuing the call of the roll from Rhode Island down, there came no responding voice until Wisconsin was reached, and Henry F. Cochems, of Milwaukee, came forward to nominate Senator La Follette.

The nomination of La Follette was seconded by C. A. A. McGee, of Wisconsin. A wild cheer greeted him as he closed, and the demonstration that followed exceeded in intensity that which had greeted the presentation of any other candidate except Taft.

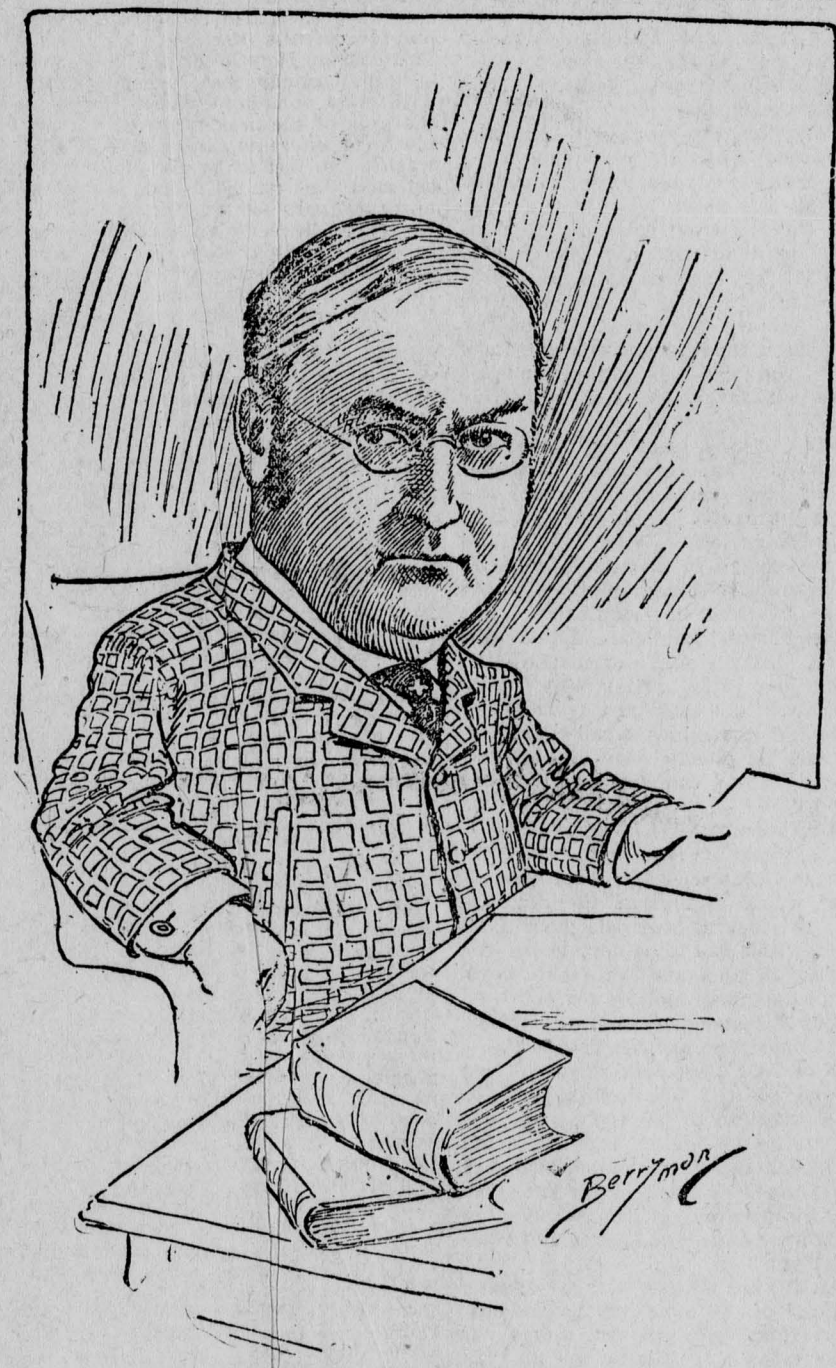
Chairman Lodge, abandoning all effort to still the crowd, ordered Secretary Malloy to continue the call of the delegations. This was done in the midst of a terrific uproar. The chairman then announced in a tone which, although strained to the utmost, could be heard only a few feet away:

"That completes the roll of the States and the roll call will now be had for the vote. We will not wait a minute longer."

The call was completed at 5.10, and at 5.16 Senator Lodge announced that William H. Taft had received 702 votes. At 5.23, on the motion of General Stewart L. Woodford, of New York, the nomination was made unanimous.

Senator Penrose and Senator Beveridge and William O. Emery, of Georgia, the colored delegate who seconded the nomination of Foraker, seconded the motion, and the nomination was made unanim[illegible]

The convention th[illegible]



JAMES S. SHERMAN

AT HIS DESK IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, WASHINGTON.

James Schoolcraft Sherman, of Utica, N. Y., was born in Utica, October 24, 1855, and graduated from Hamilton College. He was admitted to the bar in 1880. He is president of the Utica Trust Co., and the New Hartford Canning Co., president of a local ice company, and director in many corporations. He is rated as the richest man in Utica. He was Mayor of Utica in 1884, and then was elected to the 50th, 51st, 53d, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th and 60th Congresses.

SECRETARY AND MRS. TAFT IN PRIVATE LIFE.

(Born at Cincinnati, September 15, 1857; son of the Hon. Alphonso Taft, Attorney-General in President Grant's Cabinet; graduated at Yale, 1878; married at Cincinnati, June, 1886, Helen Herron; assistant prosecuting attorney of Hamilton County, Ohio, 1881-2; collector of internal revenue, first district of Ohio, 1882-3; assistant county solicitor, Hamilton County, 1885-7; judge of the Superior Court of Ohio, 1887-90; Solicitor-General of the United States, 1890-2; United States Circuit Judge, sixth circuit, 1892-1900; president of the United States Philippine Commission, March 13, 1900-February 1, 1904; first civil Governor of the Philippine Islands, July 4, 1901-February 1, 1904; Secretary of War of the United States since February 1, 1904.)

Detailed Vote For Taft.

Following is the official vote for Taft:

State.	Vote.	State.	Vote.
Alabama	22	North Carolina	24
Arkansas	18	North Dakota	8
California	20	Ohio	42
Colorado	10	Oklahoma	14
Connecticut	14	Oregon	8
Delaware	6	Pennsylvania	1
Florida	10	Rhode Island	8
Georgia	17	South Carolina	13
Idaho	6	South Dakota	8
Illinois	3	Tennessee	24
Iowa	26	Texas	36
Kansas	20	Utah	6
Kentucky	24	Vermont	8
Louisiana	18	Virginia	21
Maine	12	Washington	10
Maryland	16	West Virginia	14
Massachusetts	32	Wisconsin	1
Michigan	27	Wyoming	6
Minnesota	22	Alaska	2
Mississippi	20	Arizona	2
Missouri	36	District of Columbia	1
Montana	6	Hawaii	2
Nebraska	16	New Mexico	2
Nevada	6	Philippines	2
New Hampshire	5	Porto Rico	2
New Jersey	15		
New York	10	Total	702

For Other Candidates.

For Cannon—Illinois, 51; Michigan, 1, New Jersey, 3; New York, 3. Total, 58.

For Fairbanks—Georgia, 1; Indiana, 30; Kentucky, 2; New Hampshire, 3; New Jersey, 2; South Carolina, 2. Total, 40.

For Hughes—New York, 65; Virginia, 2. Total, 67.

For Foraker—Georgia, 8; Ohio, 4; South Carolina, 2; Virginia, 1; District of Columbia, 1. Total, 16.

For Knox—New Jersey, 4; Pennsylvania, 64. Total, 68.

For La Follette—Wisconsin, 25. Total, 25.

For Roosevelt—Pennsylvania, 3. Total, 3.

Absent—South Carolina, 1.

Total number of Delegates, 980.

Majority, 491.

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THE PLATFORM.

Here are the main planks in the Republican platform:

TARIFF REVISION PLEDGED.

The Republican party declares unequivocally for a revision of the tariff by a special session of Congress immediately following the inauguration of the next President, and commends the steps already taken to this end in the work assigned to the appropriate committees of Congress which are now investigating the operation and effect of existing schedules. In all tariff legislation the true principle of protection is best maintained by the imposition of such duties as will equal the difference between the cost of production at home and abroad, together with a reasonable profit to American industries. We favor the establishment of maximum and minimum rates to be administered by the President under limitations fixed in the law, the maximum to be available to meet discriminations by foreign countries against American goods entering their markets, and the minimum to represent the normal measure of protection at home; the aim and purpose of the Republican policy being not only to preserve, without excessive duties, that security against foreign competition to which American manufacturers, farmers and producers are entitled, but also to maintain the high standard of living of the wage earners of this country, who are the most direct beneficiaries of the protective system. Between the United States and the Philippines we believe in a free interchange of products with such limitations as to sugar and tobacco as will afford adequate protection to domestic interests.

UPHOLDS THE COURTS.

The Republican party will uphold at all times the authority and integrity of the courts, State and Federal, and will ever insist that their powers to enforce their process and to protect life, liberty and property shall be preserved inviolate. We believe, however, that the rules of procedure in the Federal courts with respect to the issuance of the writ of injunction should be more accurately defined by statute, and that no injunction, or temporary restraining order, should be issued without notice, except where irreparable injury would result from delay, in which case a speedy hearing thereafter should be granted.

In separate planks the platform—

Praises Roosevelt's administration as an "epoch in American history."

Commends the passage of the emergency currency bill.

Declares for a revision of the tariff, with maximum and minimum rates.

Says the anti-trust law has been a wholesome instrument for good.

Commends the appropriation of $350,000 for the Interstate Commerce Commission to investigate railroads.

Favors the extension of the free rural delivery system.

Declares for the amendment of statutes covering the writ of injunction.

Demands equality for the negro.

Indorses the preservation of the White Mountain and Appalachian forests.

Declares for an increase in army and navy.

Commends arbitration and The Hague treaties.

Urges ship subsidy legislation.

Favors a national health department.

Favors home rule for the Philippines.

Hopes Cuba will soon be able to resume complete sovereignty.

Demands generous pension funds.

The platform also calls for the admission of New Mexico and Arizona as separate States forthwith, points out the fundamental difference between Democracy and Republicanism.

The conservation of natural resources, including waterways; the protection of American citizenship abroad; the extension of our foreign commerce; the encouragement of the merchant marine; the establishment of a bureau of mines and mining; the strengthening of the civil service; the development of good roads, and the recognition of the principle of arbitration are all treated in separate

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE. Editor and Owner.
L. L. PARKER, Publisher.

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ONE YEAR.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS.....50
THREE MONTHS.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

CASSVILLE.

Mrs. Graham and family are settled in their summer home. Dr. Graham will come later.

Rev. Nicholson, of Washington, D. C., is assisting Rev. McClain in his pastoral work here.

J. L. Houck has had his house and store room repainted, which adds greatly to its appearance.

Children's Day service in the Lutheran church next Sunday evening. A good program is being prepared.

Mrs. Rachel Hyssong was taken ill on Sunday evening. She has been in delicate health for some time.

Oscar Wilson and family, of Davis, West Virginia.. are spending some time with their friends in this place.

Howard Prough, wife and child are guests of his brother, Huston Prough. Although Mr. Prough was quite young when he left, he remembers a number of persons and places here.

John and James Heaton have had their houses repainted and it is an improvement to the whole street. Cassville is looking up this spring. The retired people never feel hard times nor panics.

LATTA GROVE.

The thermometer registered 93 in the shade last Friday.

Work will begin on the pipe line in a week or ten days.

Jack Dell is helping G. D. Lynn put on roofing this week.

Some of the wheat will be in shock by the last of the week.

Some of our young folks attended Children's meeting at Cornelius Chapel on Sunday.

Effie Dell will leave next Thursday for North Vernon, Indiana, where she will visit a few weeks.

J. H. Stever and Ora Quarry spent last Saturday fishing in Trough Creek. They brought home a nice string,

J. H. Dell and family, Mrs. Isaac Dell, Mrs. G. D. Lynn and daughter Ruth visited at G. W. David's near Mill Creek on Sunday.

Mrs. Emma Taylor and children, of Nebraska, arrived in Huntingdon last Saturday and in a few days will be with her parents Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Walker, at this place.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

Fourth of July decorations, flags, wreaths, fans, etc., on sale at the Item stationary store.

The First National Bank of Mt. Union has awarded a contract to the Altoona Construction and Supply Co.. for the erection of a new bank building which is to be completed by October 1st.

Most merchants are awake to the fact that it pays well to advertise. The Item's advertisers realize that to its colums they can trace much of their success. Read what they have to tell you of the goods they sell.

Wilbur Yocum who has been conducting a pool room in Altoona, last week brought his pool tables to Mapleton and stored them in his grandfather Marshall Yocum's store room on West Main street. Business along this particular line is a little dull at the present time in the Mountain city.

During the prevalence of a severe electrical storm about noon Sunday, lightning struck and killed four head of valuable Holstein cattle on the Reformatory farm at Huntingdon. The cattle were under a tree in a field near the ridge when they were stricken. They had only been purchased a few months ago and were considered valuable breeding stock.

The commencement exercises of Juniata College having been held last week the students from this section who were in attendance at that institution have returned home. They are as follows: Herman Dell, of Cass township, Rollo and Homer Pheasant and Miss Ettie Robley, of Union township, Misses Edith Dell, Ruth O'Connor and Claudia Speer, Herbert Hicks and Jay Miller, of Mapleton. We hope all feel satisfied with their work.

The poisoning of Ketro, the family dog belonging to T. M. Wood was a piece of dastardly meanness. Words can scarcely express the contempt rightfully due the person who wilfully puts to death valuable and harmless animals like this. We think we realize the danger coming from dogs if allowed to run at large and no attention paid to their condition but to deliberately poison animals whose every action is controlled by God-given instincts deserves protection and kindness. Poisoning is an uncalled for cruel and unpardonable action.

NOTICE—The Treasurer of Huntingdon County or his depnty will attend at the time and place specified in the following list for the purpose of collecting State, County and Dog Taxes for the year 1908:

Monday, July 6—Shirleysburg and part of Shirley township, at Shirleysburg, until 4 p. m.
Tuesday, July 7—Rock Hill and part of Cromwell township, at Rock Hill, Chilcote's store, until 4 p. m.; evening at Shade Gap.
Wednesday, July 8—Dublin township at Cree's store, near Decorum, 8 to 10 a. m.; Neelyton 11 a. m. to 2 p. m.; Nossville 3 to 5 p. m.; evening at Blair's Mills in Tell township.
Thursday, July 9—Tell township at Blair's Mills, until 9 a. m., Shade Valley 11 a. m. to 1 p. m.; and Shade Gap 3 to 5 p. m. at Taylor's store.
Friday, July 10—Orbisonia and part of Cromwell township at Orbisonia, Eagle Hotel.
Monday, July 13—Wood township, at Robertsdale, afternoon.
Tuesday, July 14—Saltillo and part of Clay township, at Saltillo, forenoon; and Three Springs and part of Clay township, at Three Springs, afternoon.
Wednesday, July 15—Springfield township, at Maddensville, from 8 to 11 a. m.; Meadow Gap, 1 to 4 p. m.
Thursday, July 16—Mapleton and part of Union township, at Mapleton.
Friday, July 17—Mount Union and part of Shirley township, at Mount Union, Central Banking Co. building.
Saturday, July 18—Mount Union, same place.
Monday, July 20—Tod township, at Trough Creek till 1 p. m.; Todd P. O. from 2 to 6 p. m.
Tuesday, July 21—Cass township and Cassville, at Cassville.
Wednesday, July 22—Part of Union township, at Calvin, forenoon; Brady township and Mill Creek, at Mill Creek, afternoon.
Thursday, July. 23—Huntingdon 4th Ward at Treasurer's office.
Friday, July 24—Henderson township at Treasurer's office.
Monday, July 27—West township at Wilsontown, until 11 a. m., Neff's Mills from 11 a. m. until 3 p. m.; Barree township at Saulsburg from 3 p. m, to 6 p. m.
Tuesday, July 28—Jackson township at McAlevys Fort.
Wednesday, July 29—Miller township, at Cornpropst's Mills, from 9 to 10 a. m.; Oneida township at Donation, afternoon, from 12 to 2 p. m.
Thursday, July 30—Huntingdon 1st Ward at Treasurer's office.
Friday, July 31—Huntingdon 2nd Ward at Treasurer's office.
Saturday, August 1—Huntingdon 3rd Ward at Treasurer's office.
Monday, August 3—Dudley and part of Carbon township, 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.; Broad Top City and part of Carbon township at Broad Top City from 4 p. m.
Tuesday, August 4—Coalmont, forenoon; Puttstown and part of Hopewell township at Puttstown, afternoon.
Wednesday, August 5—Hopewell township, at Beaver Station, forenoon; Lincoln township at Entriken, afternoon.
Thursday, August 6—Part of Penn township, at Marklesburg Station, forenoon until 11 o'clock; Marklesburg at Garner's store from noon until 1.30 p. m.; Grafton and part of Penn township, at Grafton, 2 to 4.30 p. m.
Friday, August 7—Porter township at Barree Forge, forenoon, until 10.30; Logan township and Petersburg, at Petersburg from 11 a. m to 8 p. m.
Saturday, August 8—Juniata township at Treasurer's office
Monday, August 10—Birmingham and part of Warriorsmark township at Birmingham until noon; Warriorsmark township at Warriorsmark, afternoon and evening.
Tuesday, August 11—Warriorsmark until 11 a. m.; Franklin township at Franklinville from noon until 7 p. m.
Wednesday, August 12—Spruce Creek township at Spruce Creek until 1.30 p. m.
Thursday, August 13—Morris township at Water Street, forenoon; Alexandria and part of Porter township, at Alexandria afternoon.
Friday, August 14—Walker township at McConnellstown.
Saturday, August 15—Smithfield township at Treasurer's office.

All taxable persons who pay their taxes to the Treasurer on or before September 15, 1908, will be allowed a reduction of 5 per cent.

The taxes levied for the pear are based on 7 mills tax for curret expenses of county and 1 mill tax for poyment of county debt, total 8 mills.

G. N. SPYKER,
County Treasurer.

Huntingdon, Pa, June 11, 1908.

FOR RENT—new dwelling house on Campbell street; rent reasonable. Inquire of Geo. L. Smith, Mapleton.

A Surprise Party.

Editor Item:—I had the pleasure of attending a most enjoyable surprise party Monday evening June 22nd, given by Mr. John Skipper and wife in honor of their oldest daughter, Miss Goldie, it being her tenth birthday. Quite a nice party of her young friends were invited, those present being Miss Minnie Duffy, Miss Maude Duffy, Miss Mildred Wise, Miss Viola Kauffman, Miss Emma Corbin, Miss Reba Wharton, Miss Goldie Harshbarger, Miss Grace Buchanan, Miss Nannie Duffy, Miss Alda Corbin, Miss Ethel Wharton, Miss Olive Weaver, Miss Annie Brumbaugh, Miss Rena Werner, Miss Pearl Skipper, Miss Nellie Brumbaugh and Miss May Gordon. I must say that they were the happiest lot of children that I have seen for some time and little Miss Goldie was greatly surprised when her young friends rushed into the room. She received many fine and useful presents. A nice lunch was served after which they enjoyed themselves playing different games and romping up and down the street until such time all good little girls should be home. They all departed for their homes wishing their little friend many returns of the happy day.

ONE WHO WAS THERE.

HARRY E. HUSTON.

SALTILLO, PA.

Our Lower Prices Make Us Grow.

During May we sold over $700 more than any May since we have been in Saltillo. There's a reason for this and those who have bought from us know that our underselling methods have made this store grow in the face of panic times.

Granulated Sugar, per lb	5 1-2c
4 lb nice prunes	25c
5lb rice for	25c
2lb 16c Peaches for	25c
10 lb Pail White Fish	67c
10 lb Pail Mackeral	1.25
4 cans Eagle Lye	25c
Lancaster Gingham per yard	7c
Bleached Muslin per yard	5c
Unbleached Muslin per yard	5c
Heavy Plow Shoes per pair	1.25

We have just received the largest and best assortment of Fans, Ladies and Gents Belts, Side and Back Combs, Laces, White Duck and Linen, Skirts. Petticoats, Night Gowns, Corset Covers and Shirt Waists it has been our good fortune to secure. Come in and see them.

Harry E. Huston,

Saltillo, Penna.

Mapleton 5; Huntingdon Tigers 7.

The Mapleton base ball team had partly arranged to go to Franklinville last Saturday to play a game with the home team there, but owing to a number of Franklinville's players being away the game had to be cancelled. A game was then arranged with the Huntingdon "Tigers" and this team came down on the 3.04 train and at 4 o'clock the game was started which resulted in a victory for the visitors by a score of 7 to 5. The game was interesting and well played throughout but in the seventh inning, while the score stood 5 to 5 and the visitors had two men on bases, Pitcher Bailey of the home team made a costly error which allowed the visitors to pass their two men over home plate, and giving them a lead which our boys could not overcome.

The score follows:

Mapleton	R	H	O	A	E	Huntingdon	R	H	O	A	E
Cowher, c	0	1	7	5	0	Emmert, lf	2	3	0	0	0
T. Bailey, p	0	0	0	1	0	Green, ss	1	4	1	3	1
Patterson, rf	1	2	1	0	0	Madigan, rf	0	1	0	0	0
Brininger 2b	0	1	5	2	1	Lloyd, 2b	0	0	2	1	0
McHugh, ss	1	2	1	2	0	Confer, 3b	1	0	3	5	0
Barclay, 3b	1	1	2	1	1	Horton, cf	1	1	0	0	0
E Bailey, lf	0	1	1	0	0	Wingate, 1b	1	1	10	0	0
D. Bailey, 1b	1	1	10	1	0	Wike, c	0	2	10	0	1
Baker, cf	1	1	0	0	0	Putt, p	1	1	0	3	0
	5	10	27	11	2		7	13	25	9	3

Mapleton	1	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	0—5
Huntingdon	0	3	0	0	2	0	2	0	0—7

*E. Bailey out, batted out of order.

Earned runs—Mapleton 4, Hunt., 5. Struck out—By Bailey 7, by Putt. Base on balls—off T. Bailey 2.

A Bumper Crop.

Philadelphia Press.

The June government crop report on cereals settles the wheat yield of the year. Only once in a generation, in 1881, has drought after this date injured the yield by affecting spring wheat.

The report on the acreage of spring wheat and the condition of winter wheat points to a yield at least 120,000,000 bushels over last year. This carries the wheat crop in all probability up to or past 1901, when it was 748,000,000 bushels. The price now is $1.01 a bushel in New York. It was 20 cents a bushel lower in 1901. A crop as large as 1901 will yield nearly $150 000,000 more to the farmer.

Wheat not only promises one of the largest yields known, but all the lesser cereals, oats, rye and barley, appear in as good condition. Taking these and wheat together the acreage is about 2,000,000 acres more than last year. High prices have had their effect. The cereal acreage decreased up to last year under low prices. It has begun to recover. The hay crop, one of the most important of yields, is to be the largest known. It has been short for two years.

Depression sends men back to the farm and this acreage shows it. Out of the farm comes actual wealth and the increased wheat yield records that.

STATEMENT of the financial condition of Mapleton Borough School District for the year ending June 1, 1908.

Account of John A Toomey, collector of school tax.

DR

To amount of Duplicate	$1064.63
" 5 per cent added on $205.25	10.25

CR

By exonerations	11 00
" 5 per cent. off $798.35 for prompt payment	39 91
" 3 per cent. for collecting $798 35	23 95
" 5 per cent. for collecting $50.25	2 51
" 5 per cent. for collecting 205.03	10 25
" Treasurer's receipts	987 26
	$1074 88 $1074 88

Account of A. W Swope, Treasurer of school fund

DR

To Balance in Treasurer's hands	$270.27
" State Appropriation	$585.56
" Amount from Collector	$987.26
Amount due Treasurer	$16.19

CR

By vouchers	$1822 83	
" 2 per cent. as Treasurer	36 45	
	1859 28	1859 28
By balance Cr.		16.19

We the undersigned auditors of Mapleton Borough being duly sworn according to law do certify that we have audited the accounts of the Collector and Treasurer of Mapleton Borough School District for the year ending June 1, 1908, and find same as above stated.

Witness our hands and seals the 5th day of June A D, 1908

EDWARD McCARL,
EDWARD FOSTER,
J MELVIN MILLER.
Auditors

Nature has provided the stomach with certain natural fluids known as the digestive juices, and it is through these juices that the food we eat is acted upon in such a way as to produce the rich, red blood that flows through the veins of our body and thereby makes us strong, healthy and robust, and it is the weakening of these digestive juices that destroys health. It is our own fault if we destroy our own health, and yet it is so easy for any one to put the stomach out of order. When you need to take something take it promptly, but take something you know is reliable—something like Kodol for Dyspepsia and Indigestion. Kodol is pleasant to take, it is reliable and is guaranteed to give relief. It is sold by G. W. Wright.

Central Banking Co

MOUNT UNION, PA.

T. H. ADAMS, President
W. T. BELL, Cashier

Discount Day—Wednesday

Stockholders Individually Liable.

UNION NATIONAL BANK

OF HUNTINGDON.
Cor. 5th and Penn Sts.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, President
J. C. HAZLETT, Vice President.
R. J. MATTERN, Cashier

DIRECTORS.

K. A. Lovell, J. C. Hazlett, John White, R. J Mattern, Thomas E. Africa, John Langdon and J. F. Schock.

Regular Discount Day—WEDNESDAY.

Deposits received subject to check. Collections made in all parts of the world, and a regular banking business transacted. Accounts with corporations, firms, individuals, and the business public generally, opened on most favorable terms. B13z.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., June 24, 1903.

Annual Reunion Middle Division Veteran Employee's Association.

The twelfth annual reunion of the Veteran Employes' association of the Middle Division, Pennsylvania railroad, was held in Harrisburg last Thursday. It was well attended by members principally from Altoona, Harrisburg and intermediate points and was marked by an interesting meeting during the afternoon and a banquet at 6.30 o'clock.

A special train left Altoona at 7 o'clock in the morning hauled by engine No. 3136 in charge of Engineer E. E. Ewing and Fireman J. A. Clouser, and on the way east made forty-nine stops to take on members and arrived at Harrisburg at 10.30 o'clock where the veterans were given a rousing reception by their Harrisburg brethren. On the way east D. T. Cramer boarded the train at Mifflin and presented each of the veterans with a rose as a boutoniere and in addition carried many for the delegation at Harrisburg. The remainder of the morning at Harrisburg was spent in taking in the new capitol building and other points of interest and the renewing of old acquaintanceship.

The meeting was called to order in the Young Men's Christian association rooms at 2:15 o'clock with President C. A. Preston, presiding. He called the meeting to order and Chaplain W. W. Ross, of Altoona, offered prayer. President Preston then welcomed the veterans in a short speech and announced that it was the intention of the association to transact the business promptly and have the speech making at the banquet. The report on the membership of the association showed an increase during the year and it was also reported that a number of new members had joined during the afternoon. The roll call of the veterans who had passed away during the year was read and they were as follows:

W. A. Adams, Harrisburg, April 10, 1908.
G. W. Baker, Bellwood, November 2, 1907.
Finley Brannan, Mifflin, October 28, 1907.
Dr. Lucien Banks, Mifflin, August 31, 1907.
James Cozzens, Huntingdon, November 22, 1907.
Oliver Conrad, Harrisburg, September 19, 1907.
Julius Derr, Mifflin, November 29, 1907.
J. J. Cole, Altoona.
H. W. Hess, Lebanon, October 1, 1907.
W. S. Humes, Altoona, December 25, 1907.
N. S. Jones, Altoona, May 16, 1907.
R. N. Martin, Redwood, November 5, 1907.
John McCully, Duncannon, January 15, 1908.
David McCahan, Huntingdon, February 10, 1908.
J. W. Price, Altoona, February 26, 1908.
William Prunkard, Altoona, November 10, 1907.
Philip Reymer, Mifflin, March 5, 1908.
David Londey, Newport, March 16, 1908.
C. L. Wise, Altoona, October 3, 1907.

A short time was devoted to memorial services and brief eulogies being offered for each deceased member. The officers for the year were re-elected.

The banquet followed the meeting at 6:30 o'clock in the board of trade rooms. Covers were laid for 350 persons and the menu served by Caterer W. B. Miller, of Harrisburg. Following the banquet a special train brought the verterans to theie homes along the division as far west as Altoona.

Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup is the one that children like so well to take as it tastes nearly as good as maple sugar. It is different from the others as it does not constipate, but on the other hand it acts gently yet freely on the bowels and thereby it drives the cold out of the body It is sold by G. W. Wright.

TRESPASS NOTICE.—All persons are hereby cautioned under penalty of the law not to enter upon the premises of the undersigned in Clay township for the purpose of cutting or destroying trees or shrubbery, pilfering fruit or berries hunting, fishing or for any other purpose. Pasturing of horses or cattle on said lands is also forbidden.

MRS. MAUD H. GURD.

Clay Township,
June 15, 1908.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, June 29, 1903, trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SOUTH			NORTH	
Expr's A M	Mail P M	STATIONS	Mail A M	F Line P M
8 35	5 56	Huntingdon	11 10	5 15
8 45	6 05	McConnellstown	11 00	5 05
8 50	6 09	Grafton	10 56	5 00
8 55	6 14	Brumbaugh	10 51	4 55
8 59	6 18	Marklesburg	10 47	4 51
9 06	6 25	Entrikin	10 40	4 44
9 11	6 30	Beaver	10 35	4 39
9 16	6 35	Cove	10 30	4 34
9 27	6 46	Saxton	10 20	4 23
9 31	6 50	Clark	10 15	4 18
9 39	6 58	Riddlesburg	10 08	4 11
9 44	7 02	Hopewell	10 04	4 07
9 56	7 10	Cypher	9 56	3 59
10 07	7 19	Tatesville	9 46	3 50
10 17	7 27	Everett	9 38	3 43
10 20	7 30	Mt. Dallas	9 35	3 40
10 43	7 50	Bedford	9 15	3 20
11 35	8 35	Hyndman	8 28	2 30
12 05	9 05	Cumberland	8 00	2 00

Sunday train leaves Huntingdon at 8.35 a. m and returning 5.30 p. m.

SHOUP'S BRANCH.

SOUTH		NORTH
Expr's A M	STATIONS	Expr's P M
9 35	Saxton	4 00
9 50	Coalmont	3 45
	Crawford	
10 05	Dudley	3 30

CARL M. GAGE, General Manager.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD and COAL CO.

Time Table in effect February 3, 1908.

SOUTHWARD.	No. 8. A. M.	No. 2. A. M.	No. 6. A. M.	No. 4. P. M.
Mount Union . . Leave	. . .	10 00	11 25	4 35
Mount Union Yard . .	. . .	s 10 05	s 11 30	s 4 40
*Aughwick Mills . . .	. . .	f 10 17	f 11 42	f 4 52
Shirley	. . .	s 10 30	s 11 55	s 5 05
Orbisonia . . . . Arrive	. . .	10 45	12 10	5 20
Orbisonia . . . . Leave	5 30	10 55	1 45	5 30
*Pogue	s 5 40	f 11 05	f 1 55	f 5 40
Three Springs . . .	s 5 50	s 11 20	s 2 10	s 5 55
Saltillo	s 5 58	s 11 28	s 2 25	s 6 03
*Cole's	f 6 30	f 12 00	f 2 55	f 6 35
Rocky Ridge	f 6 37	f 12 07	f 3 02	f 6 42
Cook's	f 6 45	f 12 14	f 3 09	f 6 49
Robertsdale . . Arrive	7 00	12 25	3 20	7 00
	A. M	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

NORTHWARD.	No. 1. A. M.	No. 5. A. M.	No. 3. P. M.	No. 7. P. M.
Robertsdale . . . Leave	7 00	8 25	1 35	4 25
Cook's	f 7 10	f 8 35	f 1 45	f 4 35
Rocky Ridge	f 7 17	f 8 42	f 1 52	f 4 42
*Coles	f 7 22	f 8 47	f 1 57	f 4 47
Saltillo	s 7 50	f 9 15	s 2 25	s 5 13
Three Springs . . .	s 7 58	f 9 23	s 2 33	s 5 21
*Pogue	f 8 10	† 9 35	f 2 45	s 5 40
Orbisonia	s 8 35	s 10 10	s 3 10	5 55
Shirley	s 8 50	s 10 30	s 3 25	. . .
*Aughwick	f 9 00	† 10 40	f 3 35	. . .
Mount Union Yard . .	s 9 15	s 10 55	s 3 50	. . .
Mount Union . . Arrive	9 20	11 00	3 55	. . .
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

SOUTHWARD			NORTHWARD	
No. 12 P M.	No. 10. A. M.	STATIONS.	No. 9. A. M.	No. 11. P. M.
5 25	7 35	Lv. Orbisonia. Ar	8 25	6 20
f 5 33	f 7 41	*Blacklog	f 8 19	f 6 13
f 5 41	f 7 48	*Cedar Rock	f 8 12	f 6 05
f 5 44	f 7 50	*Locke Valley	f 8 10	f 6 02
5 50	7 55	Ar Shade Gap Lv	8 05	5 55

Trains run daily except Sunday.

Trains will run on Rocky Ridge and Booher branches on special orders.

The Company reserves the right to vary from the above Time Table without notice.

*—No agent. s—Regular stop. f—Stop on signal. †—Trains will not stop.

R. S. SEIBERT, Pres't and Gen'l Manager. E. C. HALL, Superintendent.

WANTED INFORMATION REGARDING
Farm or Business
for sale. Not particular about location. Wish to hear from owner only who will sell direct to buyer. Give price, description and state when possession can be had. Address,
L. DARBYSHIRE, Box 9999 Rochester, N. Y.

DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills are prompt and thorough and will in a very short time strengthen the weakened kidneys and allay troubles arising from inflammation of the bladder. They are recommended everywhere. Sold by G. W. Wright.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Myron McClain,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR & EMBALMER,
CASSVILLE, PA.
Caskets always in stock for Personal selection. Charges reasonable. Prompt, efficient service. Phone—Coles Valley, Eagle Foundry, People's and Saltillo lines.

Wm. T. Webb.
CARPENTER & BUILDER
MAPLETON DEPOT, PA.
Blueprints and specifications. Jobbing promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed. Terms reasonable.

DR. ROY E. BLACK,
DENTIST.
621 Washington Street
Huntingdon, Pa.
All branches of the profession given careful attention. Telephone connection. 2-7-06

A. W. SWOPE
—JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—
All business entrusted with him will receive proper attention.
Office on Min street.

W. H. WOODS. JAMES S. WOODS. Notary Public
W. H. & J. S. WOODS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
No. 327 Penn Street. HUNTINGDON PA

S. P. STUBBS,
—CARPET WEAVER.—
and dealer in all kids of Carpet Chain and Materials.
Prompt attention to business and satisfaction guaranteed. Cirges reasonable.

THE FIRST NTIONAL BANK
MOUNT NION, PA
Offiers
A. B. Gillam, President.
T. A. Appleby, Vice President.
G. B. H. Kepler, Cashier
Direors:
A. B. Gillam, T. A. Appleby, C. B. Bush, M. D., Frank Connor, C. B. Crum, R. B. Capbell, W. G. Ewing, M. W. enberg, W. J. Campbe M. D.
Household individua banks furnished on application.
A general banking buiness done.
Interest allowed on the deposits.
Drafts issued on the rincipal commercial cities.
Absolute safety of invstment and courteous treatment of patros are assured to the public, whose patronage is respectfully invited.

CAUTION—Notice is hereby given to all persons that bathing in the Juniata river within the limits of Mapleton Borough is strictly forbidden. Any violations of this notice shall be a misdemeanor and those soffending will be brought before the Chief Burgess and fined or imprisoned or both.

By Orde of Town Council.

Mapleton, June 23, 1908.

WANTED—2,000 Cords Paper wood. I will pay the hihest cash market price for all kinds of paper wood delivered on wharf at Mapleton also extra wood, Rock Oak and Chestnut. Prompt cash, payment as fast as wood is loaded, F. O. B. cars here. For furteer nformation, plerse writh me.

B. F. Baker.

Mapleton Depot, April 15, 1907 4t

WM. REED & SONS, HUNTINGDON, PA.
STORE IS OPEN EVENINGS DURING THE SALE.
Beginning July 1st, We Will Close at 6 O'clock, Except Saturdays and from 14th to the 20th.

Have You Realized What It Means
When we advertise our whole stock, everything in the store at reduced prices.
The Sale Ends June 30th
Until that date you can buy everything at a Reduction. Do you know you can buy many things like
GINGHAMS, CALICOES, ETC.
At About a Third Less
than you could a year ago. If you would keep posted on values and prices, you must keep in touch with this store.
Wm. Reed & Sons,
Huntingdon, Pa.

L. W. ZERBY, Jeweler,

SOLID GOLD RINGS,

Penn St., HUNTINGDON, PA.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

W. C. WILSON, D. D. S.,
hone 102. Akers Building
603 Washington St., Huntingdon, Pa.
Careful attention given to every branch of the profession. Special attention to Crown and Bridge Work. For painless extraction, NITROUS OXIDE GAS or LOCAL ANÆSTHETICS administered.
Telephone connection 8-1-00-tf

Pocket Ledgers 5c to 25c each at the Item Stationery Department

Are You Having a Fly Time?
The way to avoid the little pests and protect your health from the impurities which they bring into your homes is to Screen Your Doors and Windows with a good wire and keep the breeders of disease on the outside. For the sake of the health of their families, every class of housekeeper should take this precaution.
GO TO PARKER'S AND GET
SCREEN DOORS, WINDOW SCREENS
AND SCREEN WIRE
THE BEST EVER AND PRICES THE LOWEST.

"Golden Eagle" Flour
as good a high-grade flour as you ever used, $1.35 per sack.
WE SELL AND RECOMMEND IT.
If you have not already done so, try one of the MACKEREL we are selling. They weigh 2¼ pounds each and are as fine as any we ever saw.
We have all seasonable goods at prices that will please you.
A. M. PARKER'S
WHERE YOU GET YOUR MONEY'S WORTH

Pennsylvania Railroad
SIXTEEN-DAY EXCURSIONS
6.85 or 8.85 to Atlantic City, Cape May
Anglesea, Wildwood, Holly Beach, Ocean City Sea Isle City, Avalon, N. J., Rehoboth, Del., and Ocean City, Md.
8.85 or 10.85 to Asbury Park, Long Branch
West End, Elberon, Deal Beach, Allenhurst, North Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Bradley Beach, Avon, Belmar, Como, Spring Lake, Sea Girt, Manasquan, Brielle, Point Pleasant, and Bay Head, N. J.
Tickets at the lower rate good only in Coaches. Tickets at the higher rate good in Parlor or Sleeping Cars in connection with proper Pullman tickets.
JUNE 25 AND JULY 9, 1908
Train leaves Mapleton 11.40 A. M.
Connecting with
SPECIAL TRAIN OF PARLOR CARS AND COACHES
running through to Atlantic City and stopping at Philadelphia, to discharge passengers. Tickets good for passage on special Train or on trains leaving Pittsburgh at 4.55 P. M. and 8.50 P. M., and their connections going, and all regular trains returning within sixteen days.
Stops will be made for meals or dining car service will be provided. For stop-over privileges and full information consult nearest Ticket Agent.
Similar Excursions July 23, August 6, 20, and September 3
J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent

Kodol Guaranteed To Give Satisfaction or Your Money Back.
If, after using two-thirds of a $1.00 bottle of Kodol, you can honestly say it has not benefited you, we will refund your money. Try Kodol today, on this guarantee. Fill out and sign the following, present it to the dealer at the time of purchase. If it fails to satisfy you, return the bottle containing one-third of the medicine to the dealer from whom you bought it, and we will refund your money.
Town _____ State _____
Sign here _____
CUT THIS OUT
FOR INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA.
RELIEVES SOUR STOMACH, BELCHING, ETC. E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.
SOLD BY WRIGHT & DELL.

THE CHOICEST CIGARS AND TOBACCO
On the market are the kinds from which our stock is selected. The following 5-cent brands speak for themselves: Dundreary, Buck, Square Deal, Wild Indian and Happy Sam. The well-known "El Galleo" brands of 10c. and 25c. cigars in stock. Popular and select brands of chewing and smoking tobacco. For pipe or cigarrette smoke Continental Cubes, Tuxedo and Old English Curve Cut.
McCorkle's — Pool — Parlor
Basement Floor, S. E. Corner Wright Building - - - Mapleton, Penna.

Truth and Quality

appeal to the Well-Informed in every walk of life and are essential to permanent success and creditable standing. Accordingly, it is not claimed that Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is the only remedy of known value, but one of many reasons why it is the best of personal and family laxatives is the fact that it cleanses, sweetens and relieves the internal organs on which it acts without any debilitating after effects and without having to increase the quantity from time to time.

It acts pleasantly and naturally and truly as a laxative, and its component parts are known to and approved by physicians, as it is free from all objectionable substances. To get its beneficial effects always purchase the genuine—manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists.

A Historic Account Book.

In the year 1832, when the State of Illinois was but fourteen years of age, there was on the south bank of Rock River, sixty-five miles above its mouth, a frontier post called Dixon's Ferry. John Dixon, from whom the ferry derived its name, lived there, entertaining travelers, operating the ferry, and trading with those who journeyed to and from the mining districts and the Indians. With the Indians, writes Mr. Stevens in his account of the Black Hawk War, he was particularly popular, and became their counselor and arbitrator, and likewise their banker.

He was equally well liked by the whites, and when the time came to bespeak their affection there was no uncertainty respecting the judgment. His influence became so great that in the year 1840, when Galena was the political and commercial power of the Northwest, he took from that place to his own town the United States land-office.

When the subject of removal was first broached, it appeared so ridiculously impossible that there was no protest from Galena but laughter; but John Dixon's tavern was stronger than the politics and commercial prestige of the frontier metropolis. Alone he journeyed to Washington, and upon his request, backed by no one, the office, which at that time was the most important national office in the State and that which carried the most political influence, was removed to Dixon.

Dixon's venerable personality, his charming sweetness of disposition, his rugged honesty, and possibly his little account-book, were altogether too powerful for the antagonists of those rugged days.

One entry in his account-book characteristic of the times is, "Col. Z. Taylor. To Mdse, including a shirt pattern, $6.50," and then follows its liquidation: "Settled by note."

The hero of more than one war and afterward President of the United States, it appears, settled an account of six dollars and fifty cents by giving his note of hand. But the note was paid when it was due.

General Winfield Scott also appears in this account-book, and the settlement of his accounts was performed with the precision one would expect from the dignified soldier.

Futile Anxiety.

Anxiety never yet successfully bridged over any chasm.—Ruffini.

FULLY NOURISHED

Grape-Nuts a Perfectly Balanced Food.

No chemist's analysis of Grape-Nuts can begin to show the real value of the food—the practical value as shown by personal experience.

It is a food that is perfectly balanced, supplies the needed elements of brain and nerves in all stages of life from the infant, through the strenuous times of active middle life, and is a comfort and support in old age.

"For two years I have used Grape-Nuts with milk and a little cream, for breakfast. I am comfortably hungry for my dinner at noon.

"I use little meat, plenty of vegetables and fruit, in season, for the noon meal, and if tired at tea time, take Grape-Nuts alone and feel perfectly nourished.

"Nerve and brain power, and memory are much improved since using Grape-Nuts. I am over sixty and weigh 155 lbs. My son and husband seeing how I had improved, are now using Grape-Nuts.

"My son, who is a traveling man, eats nothing for breakfast but Grape-Nuts and a glass of milk. An aunt, over 70, seems fully nourished on Grape-Nuts and cream." "There's a Reason."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

ROOSEVELT HEARD CHEERING

Telephone and Phonograph Carried News to Washington.

The President Was an Actual Listener to the Proceedings of the Chicago Convention.

Chicago.—President Roosevelt himself was an actual listener to the demonstrations of enthusiasm which greeted his name in the convention.

Hanging ten feet above the heads of the delegates and immediately in front of the platform are four black

THEODORE E. BURTON.

Member of the House of Representatives, selected to place William H. Taft in nomination at Chicago.

disks, looped by wires and joined by a small central cable leading from the hall. Many have wondered at these disks, believing them to be a part of the system for electrical display.

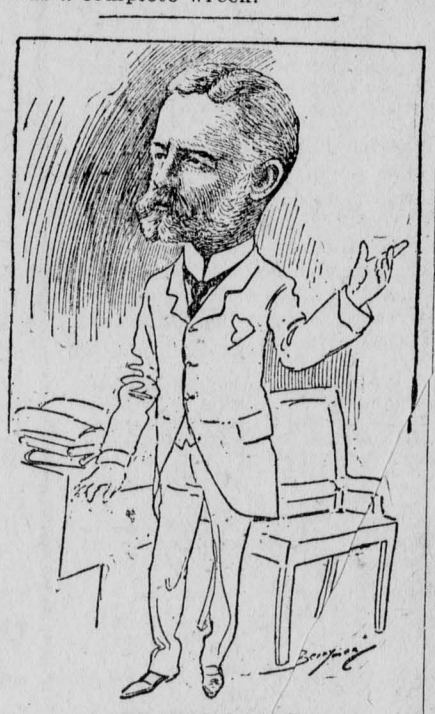
They are a combination of telephone and phonograph, taking up the proceedings as they occur and transmitting each speech and each burst of applause. One of the wires was cut into the White House, and the President in person, with the receiver to his ear, caught the words of Lodge as he electrified the vast assemblage and the echoing shouts which followed.

CRAZED BY THE CONVENTION.

Ex-Mayor of Butte Made a Raving Madman by Excitement.

Chicago.—H. L. Frank, a wealthy man and ex-Mayor of Butte, left a sanitarium in Cincinnnati three days ago to attend the convention. The excitement in the hotels unhinged his faculties and he was picked up a raving maniac. He was put under restraint at the Palmer House and Dr. Sweeney had him transferred to the Detention Hospital.

Frank at one time came within one vote of defeating William A. Clark for the Senatorship. His mania took the form of a third term for President Roosevelt, and the physician's examination showed that his mind was a complete wreck.



SENATOR LODGE,
Of Massachusetts,
Permanent Chairman.

ALASKA ANNEXER DEAD.

Eugene P. Murphy Was Sent as Commissioner to Take Possession.

San Francisco, Cal. — Eugene P. Murphy, sixty-three years old, who was the representative sent to take possession of Alaska in the name of the United States when that Territory was purchased from Russia, is dead.

Mr. Murphy was born in Albany, N. Y., and was graduated from West Point in 1867. In 1868 he was sent to Alaska. He retired from the army to enter civil life as a merchant in this city in 1875.

Escaped Drowning to Be Eaten.

Further reports received from the west coast of Africa concerning the sinking by a tornado on the Upper Congo River of the steamboat Ville de Bruges last May say that of the six European victims four were caught by cannibals after swimming ashore. Seventy negroes were drowned.

Wholesale Prices Quoted in New York

MILK.			
The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 2¼c. per quart.			
BUTTER.			
Creamery—Western, extra.	$ 23½	@ $	24
Firsts	22½	@	23
Seconds	21	@	22
State dairy, good to choice	21½	@	22½
Factory, seconds to firsts	19	@	20
BEANS.			
Marrow, choice	2 40	@	2 45
Medium, choice	2 40	@	2 45
Red kidney, choice	1 90	@	1 95
Pea	2 70	@	2 75
Yellow eye	2 60	@	2 70
White kidney	2 35	@	2 40
Black turtle soup	1 70	@	1 75
Lima, Cal.	3 40	@	3 45
CHEESE.			
State, full cream	11¾	@	12¾
Small	—	@	11¾
Part skims, fair to good	3¾	@	5¾
Full skims	1	@	1½
EGGS.			
Jersey—Fancy	21	@	22
State—Good to choice	19	@	20½
Western—Firsts	15½	@	17½
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples—Baldwin, per bbl.	1 50	@	2 50
Russet, per bbl.	1 00	@	1 25
Northern Spy, per bbl.	1 50	@	3 00
Strawberries, per qt.	3	@	12
Blackberries, per qt.	7	@	13
Huckleberries, per qt.	7	@	14
Peaches, per carrier	75	@	1 50
Plums, per carrier	1 00	@	1 50
Gooseberries, per qt.	6	@	8
Cherries, per lb.	4	@	6
Raspberries, per pt.	6	@	10
Muskmelons, per crate	1 25	@	2 50
Watermelons, per 100	20 00	@	40 00
LIVE POULRY.			
Spring chickens, per lb.	—	@	20
Fowls, per lb.	—	@	13½
Roosters, per lb.	—	@	8½
Turkeys, per lb.	—	@	12
Ducks, per lb.	11	@	12
Geese, per lb.	7	@	8
Pigeons, per pair	—	@	25
DRESSED POLTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb.	12	@	17
Broilers, Phila., per lb.	35	@	40
Fowls, per lb.	10	@	13½
Cocks, per lb.	8	@	8½
Ducklings, L. I., per lb.	—	@	16
Squabs, per dozen	1 00	@	3 25
HAY AND FRAW.			
Hay, prime, per 100 lb.	—	@	90
Nos. 3 to 1, per 100 l.	65	@	85
Clover mixed, per 100 lb.	60	@	80
Straw, long rye	75	@	85
HOP			
State, 1907	9	@	10
Medium, 1907	5	@	6
Pacific Coast, 1907, choice	8	@	9
Choice, 1906	3	@	5
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, South, per bbl.	2 75	@	3 75
Old, per sack	2 50	@	3 00
Sweets, per basket	1 50	@	2 00
Tomatoes, per carrier	75	@	1 25
Egg plant, per box	1 00	@	1 75
Squash, per bbl.	1 00	@	2 00
Peas, per basket	1 00	@	1 50
Peppers, per box	1 50	@	1 75
Lettuce, per bbl.	25	@	75
Cabbages, per crate	25	@	1 00
String beans, per bket.	75	@	2 00
Onions, white, per ate	1 00	@	1 25
Yellow, per crate	1 00	@	1 35
Carrots, per 100 bunches	1 09	@	2 00
Beets, per 100 bunches	1 00	@	3 00
Turnips, per bbl.	1 25	@	1 75
Okra, per carrier	1 50	@	3 00
Cucumbers, per bket.	75	@	1 50
Parsley, per bbl.	50	@	2 50
Spinach, per bbl.	50	@	75
Lima beans, per ate	1 00	@	2 00
Rhubarb, per 100 inches	1 00	@	2 00
Radishes, per 100 inches	25	@	50
Asparagus, per doz bunches	50	@	3 00
Leeks, per 100 buches	50	@	1 00
Shallots, per 100 inches	75	@	1 25
Cauliflower, per bl.	1 25	@	2 25
Mint, per 100 bunches	50	@	1 00
GRIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter paents	4 40	@	4 75
Spring patents	5 20	@	6 25
Wheat, No. 2 red	—	@	98½
No. 1 Northern Duluth	—	@	1 15⅛
Corn, No. 2	74½	@	77
Oats, mixed	53	@	55
Clipped white	58½	@	65
Rye, No. 2 Western	—	@	87
Lard, city	—	@	8⅝
LIE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	10	@	11½
Calves, city dressed	10	@	12½
Country dressed	8	@	11
Sheep, per 100 lb.	3 00	@	5 00
Lambs, per 100 lb.	6 25	@	7 25
Hogs, live, per 10 lb.	4 90	@	6 05
Country dressed, per lb.	6	@	9

BIG HARVESTS PROMISED.

Every Important Crop in All Sections of the Country Flourishes.

Washington, D. C.—Mother earth holds out this year the brightest promise for the American farmer. Never since the keeping of statistics has been one of the recognized functions of the Federal Government has there been promise of a bigger harvest. Every important crop in every section of the country except the Far West is in a more flourishing condition than ever recorded.

The harvest of 1907 was the largest known. That is the year the farmers of the West paid off their mortgages and put money in the bank wherewith to buy pianos, tourist tickets for European trips, automobiles and other things of luxury their fathers never imagined possible and their grandfathers never even dreamed of.

Although corn is not well advanced the promise is for a crop of substantially 1,250,000,000 bushels, to stand against the crop of 1906, which resulted in 1,166,626,479 bushels. At going prices that crop is worth to the farmers $625,000,000. Not a great deal, it is true, in comparison with the capitalization of the Steel Trust, but still enough to give assurance that the American farmer will not be starved during the coming winter.

★ ★ ★ ★

Closing Out Old Apples.

The scattering remains of last year's apple crop are being closed out at considerable loss in some instances. Holders in Western New York are reported having sold fruit at less than $2 per barrel which cost them, including expenses, about twice that sum.

The Sunday-School

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR JUNE 28.

Subject: Temperance, Ephesians 5: 6-20 — Golden Text, Eph. 5:18 —Commit Verses 15, 16—Commentary.

TIME.—A. D. 62. **PLACE.**—Rome. **EXPOSITION.—I. No Fellowship With the Unfruitful Works of Darkness, 6-14.** The believer in Christ is a child of light (v. 8), there can be no fellowship between light and darkness, the believer must therefore refuse all fellowship with the works of darkness (cf. 2 Cor. 6:17). This settles our duty about the theatre, dance, etc. etc. These works of darkness bring forth no fruit for God (Rom. 6:21). So far from having fellowship with them we should "even reprove them," i. e., expose and rebuke their badness. "Darkness" does much of its work "in secret," light does its work in the open. The things done by those who are "of the darkness" in secret it is disgraceful even to mention. Many sins are better undescribed. Don't let out the darkness, but let in the light. The light makes everything manifest, and that which is thus made manifest by turning the light on to it becomes light itself (v. 13, R. V.) The believer who has any fellowship with darkness is asleep. The sinner is dead (cf. Eph. 2:1). God calls the sleeping believer, the one who is having fellowship with the unfruitful works of darkness, to awake from his sleep and arise out from among the dead, i. e., from the sinners with whom he is fellowshipping, as a live man among corpses (cf. Ro. 13:11).

II. Understanding What the Will of the Lord is, 15-17. It will not do to carelessly take it for granted that our walk is all right unless we have looked very minutely into it. There are two kinds of walk, the walk of the unwise and the walk of the wise. In order to walk wisely we must "buy up the opportunity" (v. 16 R. V., Marg.) As the far sighted merchant buys up all that which he sees to be of large and constantly increasing value, so we must lay hold of every swiftly passing opportunity of doing good and of growth in the knowledge of and likeness to God. The fact that "the days are evil" is not a reason for discouragement, but for more earnest improvement of every opportunity that offers. This is a reason for not being "foolish" (v. 17, R. V., a very strong word, literally "without reason," senseless). The only way to avoid being foolish is by "understanding what the will of the Lord is." The Lord here is Jesus (vs. 20 and 8).

III. Filled With the Spirit, 18-20. Paul here takes up one especial form of folly, a fruit of darkness that has cursed every age since the days of Noah, drunkenness (Gen. 9:20-25). Perhaps Paul warns against this special form of folly because it is the root of almost every other kind of folly. But by God's wondrous grace one who has been a drunkard may be "washed," "sanctified," "justified" and may then inherit the kingdom of God (1 Cor. 6:11). In drunkenness there is "excess" or "riot" (R. V., incorrigibleness, abandoned profligacy). Any one who has had any experience of life knows how true this is. The drunkard becomes lost to every noble ambition and holy desire. Note that it is drunkenness, not merely with whisky and rum, but drunkenness with wine that Paul warns against and proposes as the cure for drunkenness the only sure cure, being "filled with the Spirit." To be "filled with the Spirit" means to have the Holy Spirit take possession of the whole being (Luke 1:41, 42, 67; Acts 2:4; 4:8; 31:13, 9, 10). It is nearly synonymous with being "baptized with the Holy Ghost," excepting that the expression being "baptized" with the Spirit is never used of a second experience, while being "filled" is (cf. Acts 1:5 with 2:1-4 and 10:44-46 with 11, 15, 16). When one is "drunk with wine," wine takes possession of every faculty, and when one is "filled with the Spirit" the Spirit takes possession of every faculty. Intoxication is the devil's counterfeit of being filled with the Spirit. The effects of being filled with the Spirit is that one is lifted on to a supernatural plane of life and activity. The best way to keep a man from having recourse to the devil's stimulation is to have him filled with God's. He that knows the wine of heaven (Is. 55:1) will not want the wine of hell. The literal force of the words translated "be filled with the Spirit" is "be getting filled with (or in) the Spirit," i. e., be getting constantly filled. One filling is not enough, there must be a constant inpouring. As to how to be "filled with the Spirit" study Acts 2:38; 5:32; Luke 11:14; Acts 4:31; 8:15-17. When one is filled with the Spirit he will be full of joy and song (v. 19), there will be melody not only upon his lips, but in his heart as well (cf. Is. 65: 14). But the songs will not be the songs of this world, but "psalms and hymns and spiritual songs." The Spirit-filled man is taken up with God and Christ (Acts 2:4, 11; 4:31, 33) and his songs will be about Christ. The Spirit-filled man will also be filled with thanksgiving (v. 20). He will be returning thanks all the time (cf. Ps. 34:1) and "for all things." His Spirit-illumined soul will see something to be thankful to God for in everything (1 Cor. 1:4; 1 Thess. 1:2, 3; 2; 13; 2 Thess. 1:3; 2:13; Acts 5:41; 16:25; Jo 1:21).

After suffering for seven years, this woman was restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Read her letter.

Mrs. Sallie French, of Paucaunla, Ind. Ter., writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I had female troubles for seven years—was all run-down, and so nervous I could not do anything. The doctors treated me for different troubles but did me no good. While in this condition I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham for advice and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I am now strong and well."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about your sickness you do not understand. She will treat your letter in confidence and advise you free. No woman ever regretted writing her, and because of her vast experience she has helped thousands. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Peanuts From Glasgow to Boston.

A considerable item of the 1000-ton cargo of the Laurentian was a shipment of 1000 bags of peanuts from Glasgow, the first of its kind ever brought from that port to Boston.—Boston Herald.

VETERAN OF THREE WARS.

A Pioneer of Colorado and Nebraska.

Matthias Campbell, veteran of the Civil War and two Indian wars, and

a pioneer of Colorado, now living at 218 East Nebraska street, Blair, Neb., says: "I had such pains in my back for a long time that I could not turn in bed, and at times there was an almost total stoppage of the urine. My wife and I have both used Doan's Kidney Pills for what doctors diagnosed as advanced kidney troubles, and both of us have been completely cured."

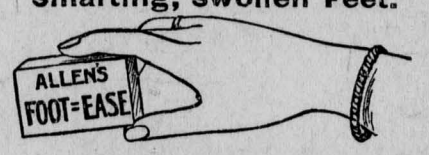
Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Plan Great Engineering Project.

The plan of the proposed Henry Hudson memorial bridge at New York calls for a reinforced concrete span of 710 feet and represents one of the boldest engineering projects of the times. The plans have been very carefully worked out and it is probable that the engineers will be able to meet every criticism advanced against the proposition.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

For Tired, Aching, Smarting, Swollen Feet.



From a Railroad Conductor.

"I am a busy man, but must take time to write you about Allen's Foot-Ease. I am a Conductor and on my feet most of the time. My feet often got so sore I could hardly take a step. A friend gave me a box of Allen's Foot-Ease and said it would cure me. I used all of the box but two envelopes and my feet are now O. K. and I forget I have feet. It is a God-send to R. R. men.

"G. McCLURE, 5820 Superior St., Austin, Ill."

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot Ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. Sold by all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25c. *Don't accept a substitute.* Trial package FREE. Address,

Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y., U. S. A.

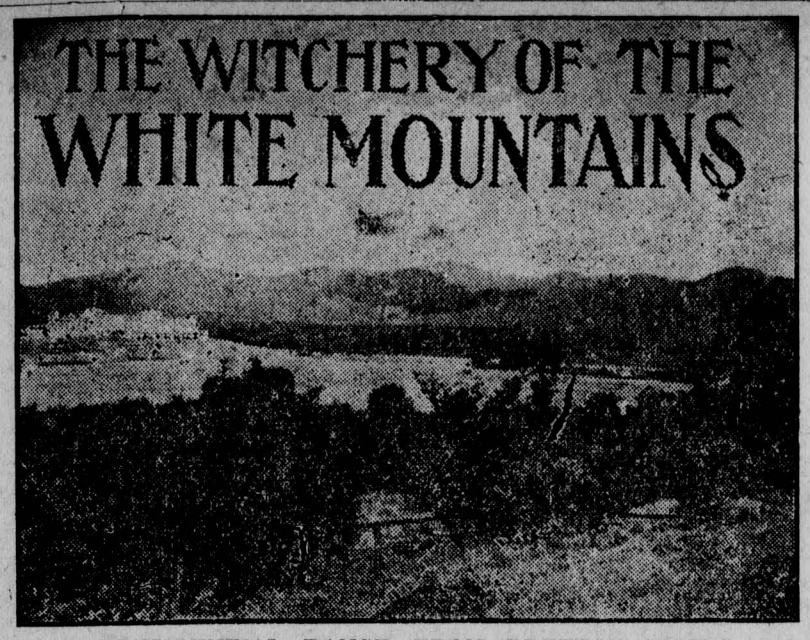
Genuine bears above signature.

THE DAISY FLY KILLER destroys all the flies and affords comfort to every home—in dining room, sleeping-room and all places where flies are troublesome. Clean, neat, and will not soil or injure anything. Try them once and you will never be without them. If not kept by dealers, sent prepaid for 20c.

HAROLD SOMERS, 149 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WIDOWS' PENSIONS under NEW LAW obtained by JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.

THE WITCHERY OF THE WHITE MOUNTAINS



PRESIDENTIAL RANGE FROM BRETTON WOODS.

Last summer an enterprising Boston man, like the three Philadelphians who lately started on a 10,000-mile tramping trip to South America, decided that he would do something original in the line of pedestrianism.

Like thousands of other well-balanced vacationists, the gentleman in question selected the White Mountains as his objective point, and reached them over a route which, he claims, was never traversed throughout its entire length by any other human being.

Going from the modern Athens by rail to Rochester, N. H., he walked from the latter place to Alton Bay, on the southern shore of incomparable Lake Winnipesaukee. From there

Profile Lake, Franconia Notch.

he took the steamer, "Mt. Washington" (scores of readers of this paper will recall with pleasure a similar experience), across the lake to Centre Harbor.

Next day he tramped through Moultonboro and Tamworth (the "Grover Cleveland country"), to Wonalancet, annexing at that place a local guide, who safely piloted him over Mt. Wonalancet and Mt. Paugus, two of the lesser hills of the White Mountains, to picturesque Passaconaway village, where he changed to a second guide.

The new pathfinder, an experienced hunter, led his ambitious employer over the mountains and through dense woods that have been wholly innocent of roadway or trail since they were created, eventually striking in at Livermore, whence they reached the summit of Mt. Washington by way of the Crawford Notch and the southern peaks.

Much of the way lay through woodland solitudes where the eye of man had seldom, if ever, penetrated, and the chief member of the expedition says of it that it was "A walk full of surprising interest as well as interesting surprises."

This was in July, when the mountains were in their full glory of foliage, sunshine and birds and animal life.

A few months previous, in February, two other New England lovers of outdoors enjoyed a pedestrian trip of 100 miles or more through the White Mountains, traveling most of the way on skis and making the ascent of Mt. Washington in this way under conditions that were nothing less than perilous.

Three or four feet of snow almost everywhere covered the trails and roadways, and the Alpine character of the journey was enhanced by at least one avalanche.

Such are the contrasts one gets in New Hampshire's White Mountains; and yet American travelers rave over the Alps and the Himalayas as if there was no such thing as real mountains in their own country at all.

There is one summer city in the White Mountains whose population expands to nearly 10,000 during the height of the vacation season; and there are days when as many as 500 tourists ascend to the summit of stately Mt. Washington, 6300 feet above the sea, on the famous Cog railway, to be torn by that awful mental conflict that always must be fought by the man or woman who has to decide whether it shall be dinner indoors or scenery outdoors. And what an appetite that mountain air does give one!

Once, during an ocean voyage, I elected to forego my dinner in order to enjoy an unusually fine sunset. As the barometer falls with the approaching storm, so did I fall in the estimation of my traveling companions as the result of that little bit of self-sacrifice. If I had but a half hour on the summit of Mt. Washington, and it was a question of dinner or view, I would decide in the self-same way, however.

In passing, let me say that the prospect from Mt. Washington's altitudinous crown is one that cannot easily be described in too extravagant language. In a way, it is even more wonderful than the cycloramic outlook from the top of Pike's Peak, which stands twice as high in the world as does "Old Agiochook."

The normal radius of observation extends for about 100 miles, taking in the ocean on the east and including a marvelous mosaic of lakes, rivers, mountain peaks, notches, towns and villages and forest tracts. Aided by the refraction of the atmosphere, there are some features of the landscape that can be identified 140 miles distant. No one possessing anything

SUNAPEE HARBOR.

in the slightest degree resembling a soul could look upon this scene and not become a sound convert to the doctrine of forest preservation.

Forty or fifty years ago the sojourner on the summit would look out at night upon a gulf of darkness almost as opaque as that which fills the yawning pit of the Grand Canyon of a moonless evening, but nowadays he can amuse himself by identifying, by means of their glittering electric lights, the numerous towns and cities that lie scattered throughout the sable circle. The cities of Portland and Lewiston can thus be picked out.

PRESIDENTIAL RANGE FROM WHITEFIELD.

LATEST NEWS

BY WIRE.

Anti-Foreign Spirit Checked.

Mexico City.—The session of the National Congress closed. The bill prohibiting foreigners from practicing certain learned professions and from acquiring mines in Mexico went over until the next session, which meets in September.

Marines For Panama.

Washington, D. C.—Eight hundred additional officers and enlisted men of the Marine Corps are to be sent to the Isthmus of Panama, in anticipation of the coming elections.

Millionaire Hangs Self.

Philadelphia.—Millionaire Thomas J. Reese, of Mahanoy City, Pa., a former powder manufacturer, committed suicide by hanging at the Kirkbride Asylum.

5600 Tons of Dynamite For Canal.

Washington, D. C.—Over 5600 tons of dynamite are to be used on Isthmian Canal work during the next fiscal year, according to estimates made by the division engineers.

Death of "Col. Ham" Young.

Chicago.—William Hamilton Young, night manager of the Washington office of the Western Union Telegraph Company and familiarly known to newspaper men as "Col. Ham" Young, died here, aged seventy.

Burton Declines to Be Umpire.

Washington, D. C.—Representative Theodore P. Burton has declined appointment as umpire of the Panama Land Claims Commission.

President Approves.

Washington, D. C.—The President approved the agreement made between Secretary Taft and Mgr. Aversa, apostolic delegate to Cuba, for the purchase of the church lands in that island for $360,000.

Autoist Kills Fireman.

Trenton, N. J.—A touring car owned and driven by Dr. Edward J. Gordon, killed Francis McCardle, engine driver for Fire Company No. 1.

Henry M. Flagler Quits.

New York City.—The career of Henry M. Flagler as a Standard Oil magnate has ended. A bare announcement of his resignation as vice-president was made at the end of a directors' meeting. Mr. Flagler in the last ten years has drawn $30,000,000 in dividends from the great corporation.

2500 Coal Miners Quit.

Denver.—Two thousand five hundred miners in the Northern Colorado coal fields quit work, intending to remain out until the operators grant an increase in wages or make satisfactory concessions.

Harvard's Bookseller Dead.

Boston.—Benjamin H. Richardson, known to many Harvard graduates of former years as the bookseller of Harvard Square, and the landlord of President Roosevelt during his entire college course, died at his home in Somerville, aged seventy-six years.

Signs Prohibition Law.

Raleigh, N. C.—Governor Glenn, amid imposing ceremonies, signed the proclamation making prohibition effective in North Carolina January 1, 1909.

Bookmakers Barred.

Lexington, Ky.—The State Racing Commission unanimously refused to allow the re-establishment of bookmakers on Kentucky racetracks. They decided in favor of the parimutuel machines as being the best for racing.

BY CABLE.

French Railroad Expert For China.

Pekin.—China has appointed M. Charignon, a French engineer, to be technical adviser of the Ministry of Communications. He is well known in China, where he has long been engaged in railway surveying.

An Electric Rapid Fire Gun.

Dijon.—An engineer named Ponteaux announces the invention of an electric gun which, without powder or other explosive, is said to be capable of firing twelve hundred shots a minute.

Persians Ask German Aid.

St. Petersburg.—Dispatches from Teheran say that Persian patriotic societies at Teheran, Tabriz, Kasvin and Ispahan have united in a demand for German protection against Turkey. They ask Germany to send officers to reorganize the Persian army and government.

A Swiss Grain Monopoly.

Berne.—The National Council has recommended to the Federal Council a revision of the constitution for the purpose of creating a State monopoly of wheat and flour.

Countess Not to Speak.

London.—The Countess of Warwick has issued a denial of reports from America that she intends to undertake a speaking tour in the United States in behalf of the Socialist candidate for the Presidency.

Lithographing Stone House.

A plain, plastered stone house about fifty yards from the ancient City Hall of Nuremberg, Germany, has nothing to distinguish it from the other old houses of the neighborhood except that it is built of lithographic stone, worth from six to twenty-one cents a pound. So lithographers who go to Nuremberg wander from the worn tourist trails to see the wonder.

The house was built about 1680, nearly 100 years before Alois Senefelder, the discoverer of lithograhy, was born. Andreas Lichtenstein, who built it, took the stone easiest to get and secured it for the trouble of carrying it away. Now the material in the building is worth about $4000.

The present Andreas Lichenstein, a descendant of the man who built the house, has said "Nein" about once a month for the last twenty years to speculators who want to buy his home and tear it down for the stone. It is his home and was that of his forefathers, and he refused to part with it. So lithographers with thoughts of rising prices look and sigh.

Lithographic stone is found in commercial quantities only in Bavaria. The largest quarries are near Nuremberg.—Kansas City Star.

The Earth's Magnetism.

The old saying, "as true as the needle to the pole," is no longer a safe comparison. Only in a few places on the earth's surface does the compass point exactly to the north. What is more, the spot toward which its northward end is directed—the so-called "magnetic pole"—itself slowly shifts. For this reason it has been necessary to supply the mariner with fresh charts every few years, indicating the amount of variations in the needle on which he must count. A means for the correction of these charts is supplied from two sources. Occasionally a ship captain will make an observation of a star while at sea to determine whether his compasses are all right. He thus discovers sometimes that his chart is in error. Further help to accurate information is supplied by the magnetic observations of the world of which there must be about a score. One of the things measured at such places is the strength of the force in the earth that controls the compass. It was recently noticed, for instance, that this force is more than twice as great at a place in Burmah (Taungoo) as at Sitka, Alaska.—New York Tribune.

FEARFUL ECZEMA ALL OVER HIM.

No Night's Rest for a Year and Limit of His Endurance Seemed Near—Owes Recovery to Cuticura.

"My son Clyde was almost completely covered with eczema. Physicians treated him for nearly a year without helping him any. His head, face, and neck were covered with large scabs which he would rub until they fell off. Then blood and matter would run out and that would be worse. Friends coming to see him said that if he got well he would be disfigured for life. When it seemed as if he could possibly stand it no longer, I used some Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, and Cuticura Resolvent. That was the first night for nearly a year that he slept. In the morning there was a great change for the better. In about six weeks he was perfectly well.

(Signed) Mrs. Ida Mae Hall, Feb. 15, 1908.

Ostrich Farms For Italy.

In view of the importance of the commerce in ostrich feathers, Vice-Consul H. M. Byington, of Naples, states that Italians are being urged to start ostrich farms in Southern Italy, Sicily and Sardinia. The successful results obtained in California and at Nice are cited.

FITS, St. Vitus' Dance, Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. H. R. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The Bank of England property covers over two acres.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle

Limit to Soldiers' Burdens.

The result of tests carried out in the German army proves that sixty-eight pounds is the outside weight the average soldier can carry on a day's march without injuring his heart. N.Y.—26

Mrs. Pinkham, of the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, of Lynn, Mass., together with her son, Arthur W. Pinkham, and the younger members of her family, sailed for Naples on May 20 for a three months' tour throughout Europe and a much needed vacation.

YOU'RE TOO THIN.

Even Slight Catarrhal Derangements of the Stomach Produce Acid Fermentation of the Food.

It's Stomach Catarrh

Some people are thin and always remain thin, from temperamental reasons. Probably in such cases nothing can be done to change this personal peculiarity.

But there are a large number of people who get thin, or remain thin, who naturally would be plump and fleshy but for some digestive derangement.

Thin people lack in adipose tissue.

Adipose tissue is chiefly composed of fat.

Fat is derived from the oily constituents of food.

The fat-making foods are called by the physiologist, hydrocarbons. This class of foods are not digested in the stomach at all. They are digested in the duodenum, the division of the alimentary canal just below the stomach.

The digestion of fat is mainly, if not wholly, the work of the pancreatic juice. This juice is of alkaline reaction, and is rendered inert by the addition of acid. A hyperacidity of the digestive fluids of the stomach passing down into the duodenum, destroys the pancreatic fluid for digestive purposes. Therefore, the fats are not digested or emulsified, and the system is deprived of its due proportion of oily constituents. Hence, the patient grows thin.

The beginning of the trouble is a catarrhal condition of the stomach which causes hyperacidity of the gastric juices. This hyperacidity is caused by fermentation of food in the stomach. When the food is taken into the stomach, if the process of digestion does not begin immediately, acid fermentation will take place. This creates a hyperacidity of the stomach juices which in their turn prevent the pancreatic digestion of the oils, and the emaciation results.

A dose of Peruna before each meal hastens the stomach digestion. By hurrying digestion, Peruna prevents fermentation of the contents of the stomach, and the pancreatic juice is thus preserved in its normal state. It then only remains for the patient to eat a sufficient amount of fat-forming foods, and the thinness disappears and plumpness takes its place.

Libby's Food Products

Libby's Veal Loaf

is made of the best selected meat, scientifically prepared and evenly baked by damp heat in **Libby's Great White Kitchen.** The natural flavor is all retained. When removed from the tin it's ready to serve.

It can be quickly prepared in a variety of styles and nothing makes a better summer meal.

In the home, at the camp, and for the picnic **Libby's Veal Loaf** is a satisfying dish, full of food value that brings contentment.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

SKREEMER SHOE

FOR MEN

The bottom of your foot, if twisted out of its proper lines, will cause foot troubles. SKREEMER shoes fit at the foundation: the bottoms match the bottoms of your feet. That's why they are comfortable. Look for the label. If you do not find Skreemers easily, write us for directions how to secure them. FRED. F. FIELD CO., Brockton, Mass.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Prayer Meeting Topic For the Week Beginning June 28, 1903.

By REV. S. H. DOYLE.

Topic.—Foreign missions. Henry Martyn and missions in India.—1 Cor. ii. 1-16.

Henry Martyn was born in Truro, Cornwall, England, Feb. 18, 1781. He received a splendid academic education, attending the grammar school in his native town and graduating from St. John's college, Cambridge. He won several prizes for exceptional scholarship in 1801, the prize for the greatest proficiency in mathematics; in 1802 he was chosen fellow of his college and won first prize for the best Latin composition. It was his intention to devote his unusual talents to the law, but God interfered with his plans and made of him a great missionary. This change was brought about by the sudden death of his father and mother and the faithful preaching and counsels of the university preacher, which led to his conversion and dedication to the ministry. Two incidents influenced him to become a missionary. One was the remark of his pastor as to the great good that had been accomplished by a single missionary in India—William Carey, "the consecrated cobbler." The other factor in determining his life work was the reading of the "Life of David Brainerd," an early missionary in America.

Martyn was ordained to the ministry in the Church of England. At first he was curate to the university preacher, but still longed for the missionary field. Financial disaster overtook him, and he accepted a chaplaincy in the East India company, and thus through another seeming adverse providence of God attained his heart's desire. He preached to his own countrymen in India and learned the languages of the people of the empire and preached to them, at the same time translating the Book of Common Prayer, the parables of Christ and, last of all, the entire New Testament into the Hindoostanee language and later into the Persian and Arabic tongues. He was most faithful as a missionary and irresistible in argument. "Henry Martyn," said a Persian, "was never beaten in argument; he was a good man, a man of God." During his labors he suffered much from illness and while on his way to England, seeking health, was taken sick with a plague then raging and died at Tokat, Turkey, and was buried there. Thus he not only dedicated his splendid talents to the saving of heathendom, but gave his life in the service of his Master as a missionary. His life and his work should be an inspiration to all young people interested in the advancement of Christ's kingdom.

BIBLE READINGS.

Isa. lii. 7; Nah. i. 15; Matt. xxviii. 19, 20; Acts i. 1-8; xiii, 1-3; xv, 26; Rom. ix. 1-5; x, 14, 15; Rev. ii. 10.

Mother Deserts Babe.

Tyrone's correspondent to the Altoona Tribune says: Between 9.30 and 10.00 Saturday evening, while Miss Mary Reeder, daughter of Joseph Reeder, of East Tenth street, was sitting on the front porch she beheld a well dressed woman pass and go rapidly down the narrows just east of the borough limits The fact that the woman was unescorted and carried a small child in her arms and was carrying a suit case, aroused Miss Reeder's curiosity, as it is unusual for a woman to travel outside the borough limits at night, alone. The next few minutes brought reason for suspicion, as the woman reappeared, carrying back with her the suit case but without the baby. With great presence of mind Miss Reeder at once ran out and followed the woman to the next arc light in order to obtain a good look at her, then called a neighbor, Mrs. Boyd Evans, and accompanied by Miss Reeder's father they hurried down the dark road to investigate. After going about 200 years, searching diligently along the river, Miss Reeder heard the infant cry, and soon found what proved to be a little baby boy probably ten days to two weeks old, lying in the grass along the side of the road. Beside him was a small nursing bottle partly filled with milk. The little fellow was tenderly picked up and taken to the Reeder home, where he awaits the return of his heartless mother. It was evidently a well planned scheme, as the woman immediately disappeared. Although the police were at once notified and a description of the woman given, up to this writing no arrests have been made, but probably will be in a few days.

The infant was dressed in ready made brand new apparel, has light hair and blue eyes.

It is earnestly hoped that the guilty mother and all concerned will be speedily brought to justice.

Chief of Police Wands communicated with Chief Clark, of Altoona, asking his assistance in locating the abandoned infant. It has been learned that the woman arrived in Tyrone on the trolley car about 9.45 o'clock and left there at 10.15 o'clock. It is thought that she came from Altoona and is described as being about six feet in height, wore a light colored waist, dark skirt and a sailor hat. Late to-night nothing had been ascertained by Chief Wands or Chief Clark at Altoona regarding the identity or the apprehension of the woman.

Summer Necessities

—AT—

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For we always sell the best for the least money. If seeing is believing we are here to show you nothing but the best at the lowest prices.

Ladies fancy Vests	10c
Hammocks	49c
Fancy Matting	14c yd
Tan Oxfords, ladies'	$1.49
Men's 4-in-hand wash Ties	15c
Indian Linen	10c
Men's Dress Pants	75c
A Special price on Lion Brand Shirts	59c
Special lot Ladies' Oxfords	$1.19
Tan Hose, fancy lace	14c
High grade Shoes, ladies'	$1.19
Gilded and Bronze Belts	25c
Rubber Sole Oxfords with Canvas tops	50c

TRY OUR BARGAINS AND BE CONVINCED.

SHAPIRO BROS. MAPLETON, Pennsylvania.

A Great Home Newspaper.

Everybody is remarking how bright and newsy they find the PHILADELPHIA PRESS. THE PRESS is a true newspaper not an organ for political power or private interests. It prints all the news of interest to any considerable number of persons, presenting it in carefully written form, with clear, explanatory headlines. It is the best illustrated daily newspaper in Philadelphia. Besides Foreign, National, Local, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Deleware news in great completness, THE DAILY PRESS prints the fullest real estate, financial, market and sporting news on separate pages, where each can be found readily. THE PRESS Sporting Department is equipped with the best writers, photographers and cartoonists in their special lines, in order to write, edit and illustrate sporting news in the most complete market, stock and real estate reports that can be obtained. In all its news THE DAILY PRESS exhibits accuracy. Its editorial columns are filled with thoughtful comment on the great questions of the day National and Local; not with vituperation and wordy opinions on subjects in which few readers are interested. A great feature of THE PRESS is THE PRESS FORUM. It is a department of true helpfulness to readers of the paper, open to all who desire information which it is in the power of a great daily newspaper to give.

THE PHILADELPHIA PRESS acknowledges no master—except the people. Being without political ambitions to further, without private interests to exploit, without concealed powers to serve, its readers place full confidence on its news columns and editorial expressions. Order THE PHILADELPHIA PRESS delivered to your home. Give it the reading test for a month.

$5.00 will buy 100 lbs Granulated Sugar at Huston's at Saltillo if $7.00 worth of goods are bought at the same time, flour, feed and fertilizer excepted.

Stomach troubles are very common in the summer time and you should not only be very careful about what you eat just now, but more than this, you should be careful not to allow your stomach to become disordered, and when the stomach goes wrong take Kodol. This is the best known preparation that is offered to the people to-day for dyspepsia or indigestion or any stomach trouble. Kodol digests all foods. It is pleasant to take. It is sold here by G. W. Wright.

ADVERTISE IN THE ITEM.

Machinery Supplies.

If you want anything in the line of supplies enumerated below give us a trial.
We carry in stock
Injectors and Ejectors, Lubricators, Oil Cups,
Water and Steam Gauges, all kinds of Brass and Iron Valves,
Brass, Cast, Wrought and Malleable Iron Fittings,
Black and Galvanized Iron Pipe, Nuts and Bolts, Iron
Rods for building purposes,
Set Screws, Cap Screws, Vises, Screw Jacks, Babbitt Metal,
Files, Flue Cleaners, Wrenches, Hangers, Stocks
and Dies, Taps and Reamers, Leather,
Rubber, Canvas and Cotton Belting, Rubber Hose for
Water and Steam, Sheet and Spiral Packing, Wood and Iron
Pulleys, Shafting in size and lengths, Pumps and
Hydrants, Plumbers' Supplies, Plow
Castings, Stove Grates, etc.

We make all kinds of Castings, do all kinds of Machine Shop and Boiler Work. Call on or write us. We have both 'phones. We are the largest Machinery Supply House in Central Pennsylvania.

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